

Bui
Ca
SUS

Mid-Term Conference

Moving forward in Ecosystems of Social Innovation

Documentation of presentations

20-21 of October 2022

Madrid



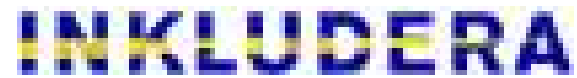
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the European Union**

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Building
Capacity for
a Sustainable
Society

Partners





Programme – Day 1

Time		Session
09.00		Arrival & Registration
09.30		Welcome
09.45	1	Keynote 1: Social Innovation in Spain
10.15	2	The European Commission's Vision on Social Innovation
10.30	3	Sofa Talk 1 – Situating SI as public policy.
11.00		Coffee break
11.30	4	Working sessions <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Upscaling (WP3)- Tools for supporting SI ecosystems (WP4)
13.00	5	Keynote 2 - Social innovation, democratization, and civic capabilities
13.20		Lunch
15.00	6	Playful ways to facilitate social innovation
15.15	7	Sofa talk 2 Mapping eco-systems (WP2)
16.00	8	Keynote 3 – Evaluating Social innovation
16.30	9	Sofa talk 3 - Financing Social Innovation
17.15		Closure



Programme – Day 2

Time		Session
8.30		Get together
9.00	10	Presentation of the day's programme
9.10	11	Sofa talk 4 - Social Innovation in the ESF+ Ops
10.15	12	Keynote 4: Trajectory of SI Portugal
11.00	13	Keynote 5: The future European Competence Centre for Social Innovation – mission and workplan
10.30		Coffee break
12.00	14	Institutional Configurations of CCSI: Design options
13.00	15	Feedback to plenary Discussion
13.15	16	Closing
13.30		Departure

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01

Keynote 1: Social Innovation in Spain

**Raúl Oliván, Director General of Open Government
and Social Innovation in Aragon, Spain**

La innovación social en España



MINISTERIO
DE DERECHOS SOCIALES
Y AGENDA 2030

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SUS | Building
Capacity for a
Sustainable
Society

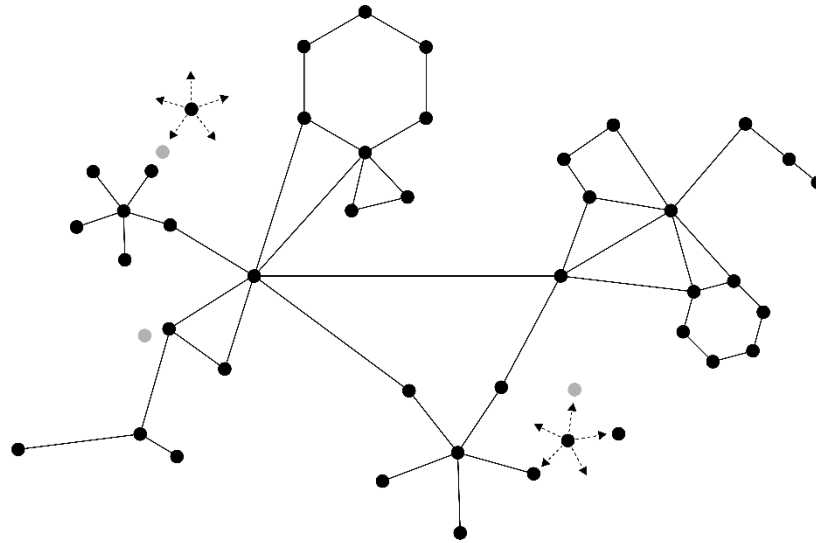
|

LWV3
Laboratorio de Aragón (Gobierno) Abierto.

 GOBIERNO
DE ARAGON

El acto más pequeño en las circunstancias más limitadas lleva la semilla de la misma ilimitación e imprevisibilidad; un acto, un gesto, una palabra bastan para cambiar cualquier constelación

Hannah Arendt



Todos nos hemos enfrentado a un problema
sin saber por dónde empezar...



(Tradicionalmente la creatividad o la innovación se nos ha presentado
como un acto genial, individual, íntimo y aislado)

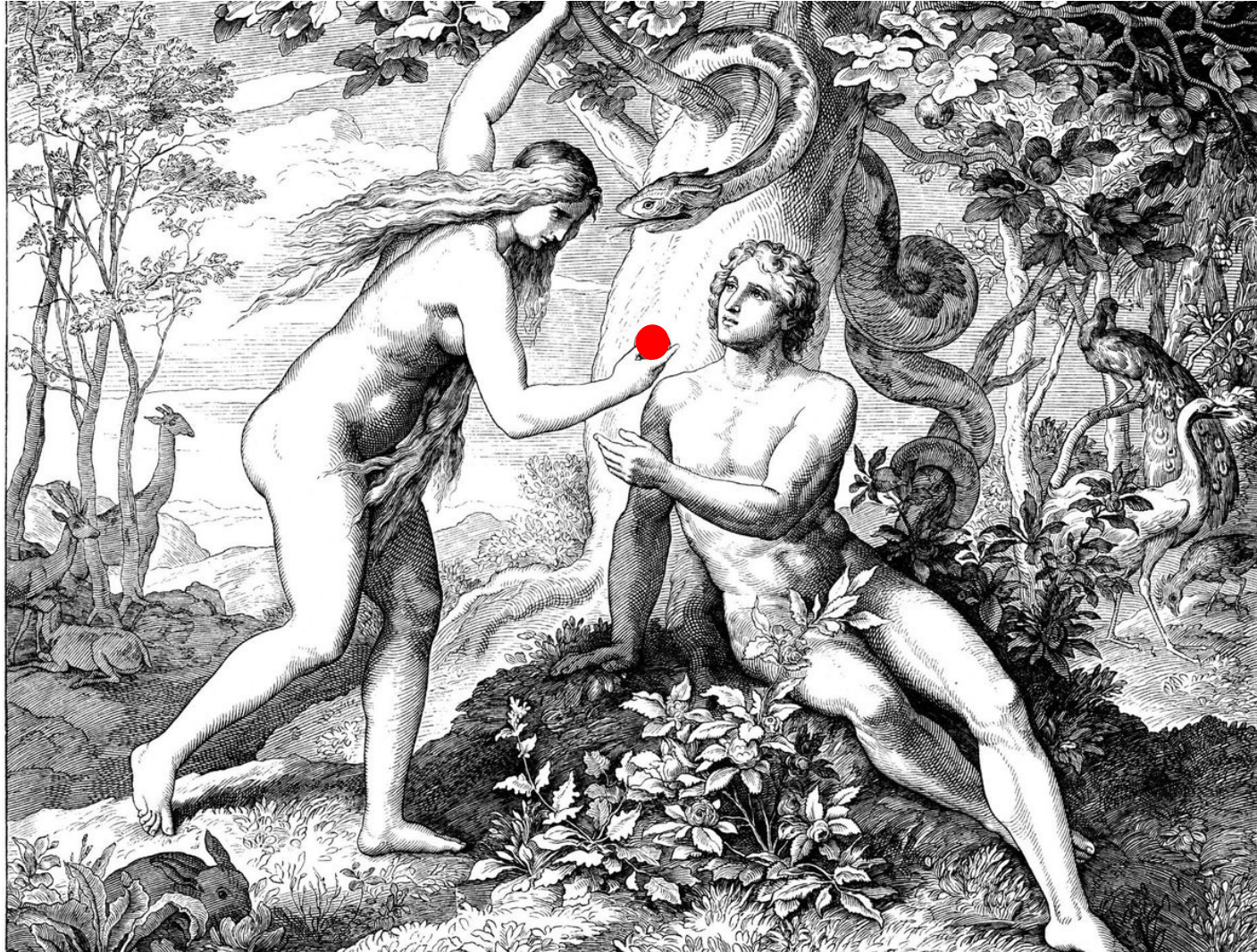
1665. Linconshire. Inglaterra.
Isaac Newton y La Teoría de la Gravedad



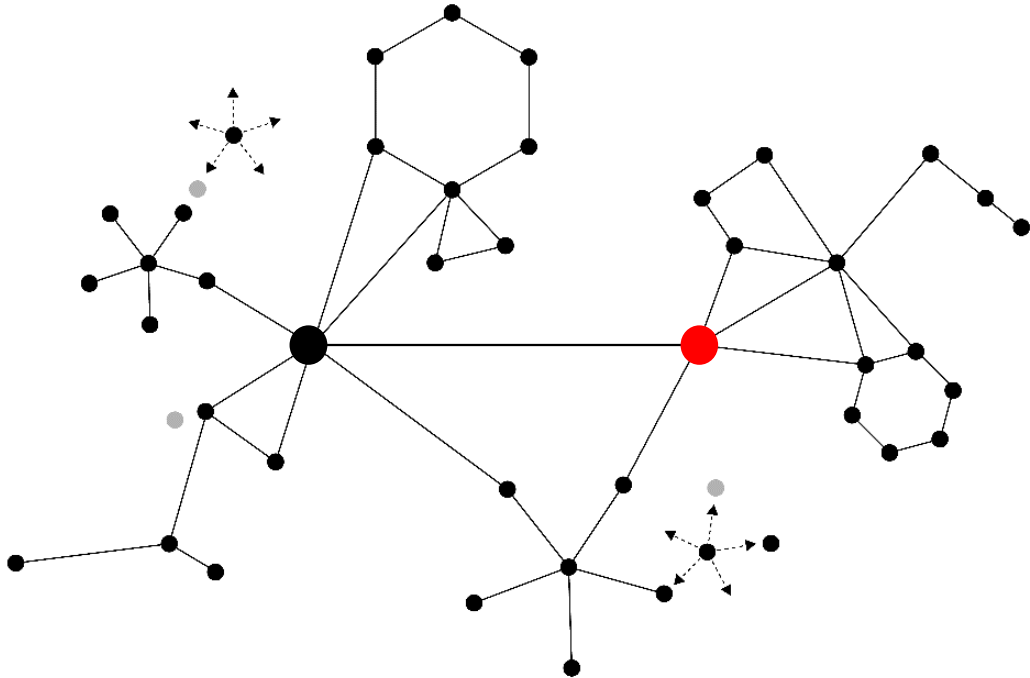
2007. Silicon Valley Steve Jobs



Once upon a time.
Eva y Adán

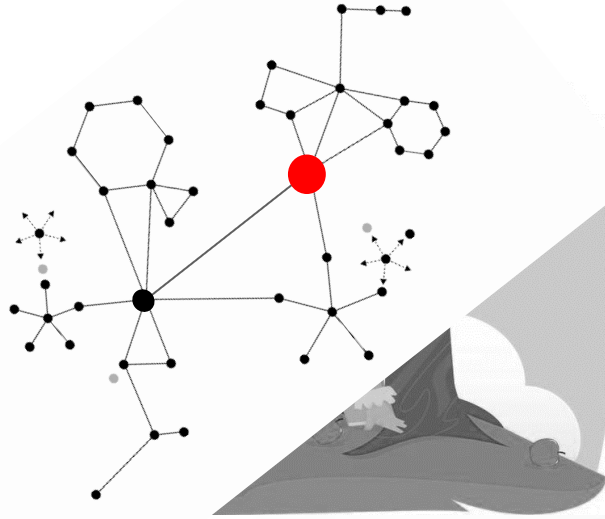


Pero si miramos bien ninguna innovación se produce de forma aislada



(Toda innovación es social. Más aún en el contexto de las organizaciones públicas o sociales)

Arquímedes:
Siracusa a Egipto
la importancia
columna venida
el pulso como
diagnóstico
mir



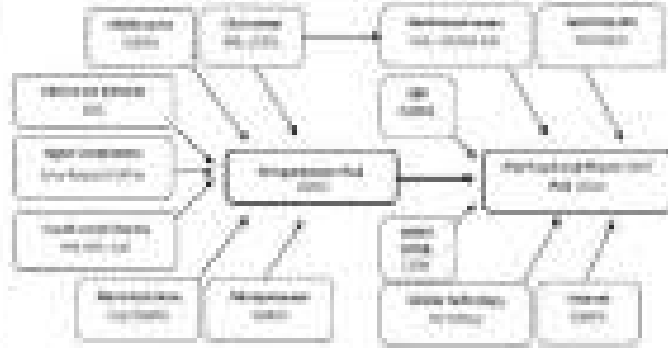
Galileo Galilei
Físico, astrónomo y
matemático italiano,
desarrolló el mundo
físico utilizando
mediciones y
desarrollando fórmulas
matemáticas para
establecer leyes,
especialmente en el
campo de la óptica.

1564-1642



como
o el
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de
de

Who funded the tech in the iPhone?

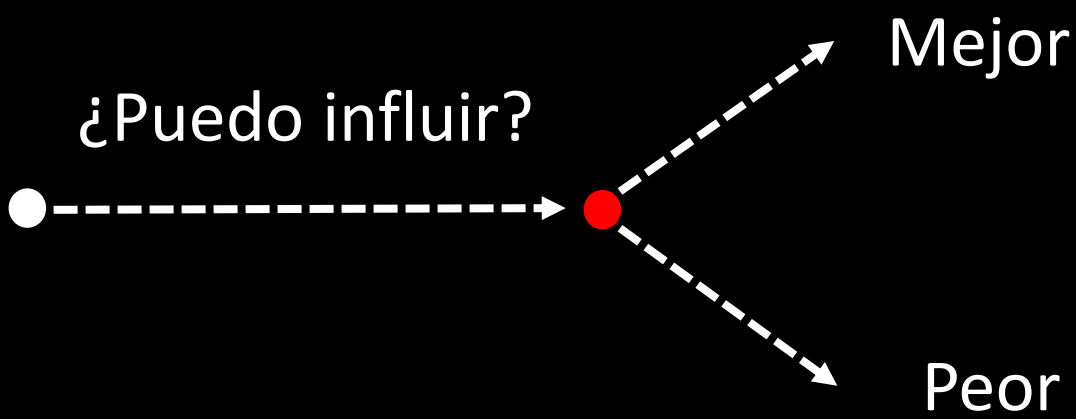




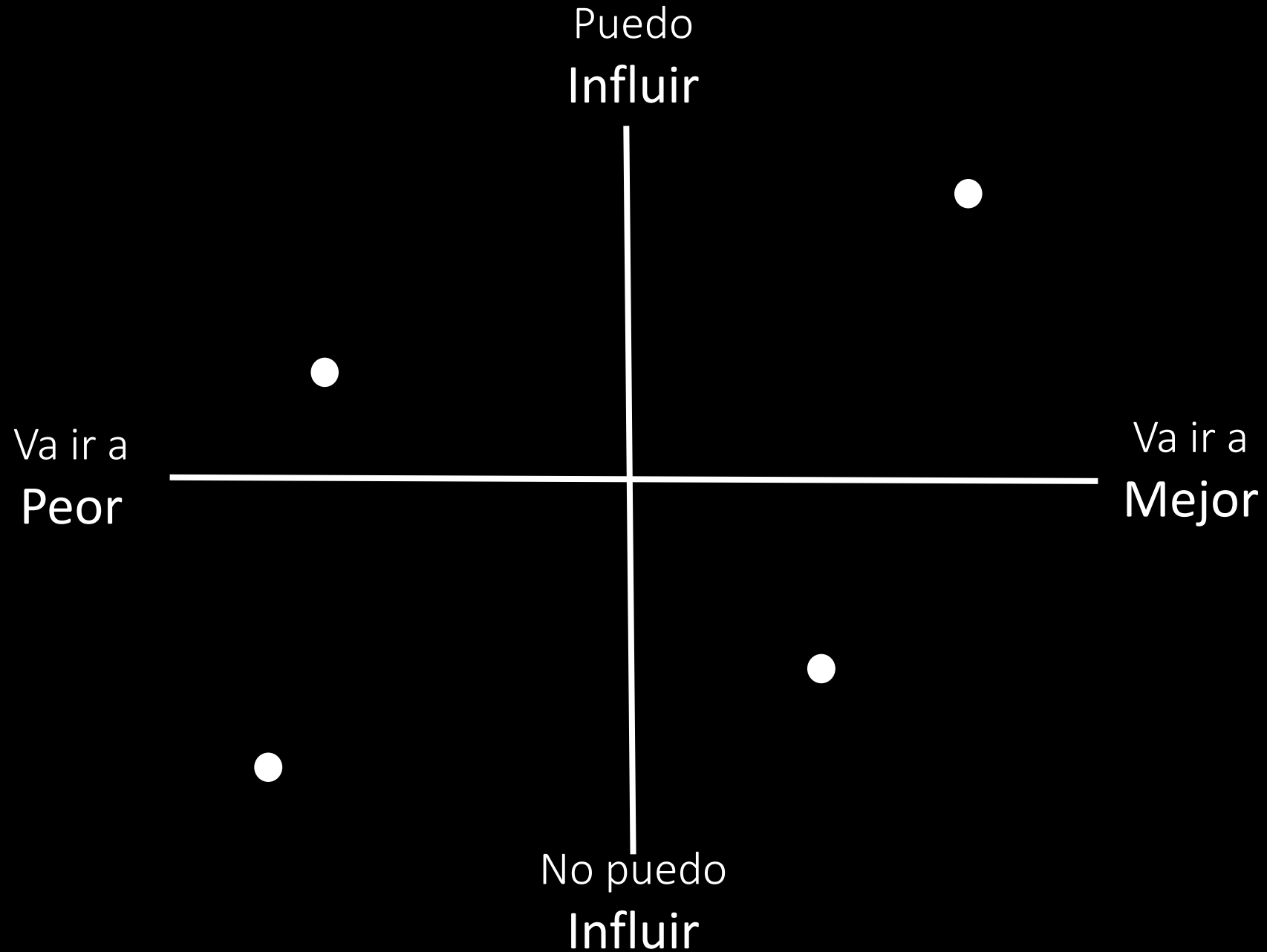
Imagina que este punto blanco eres tú



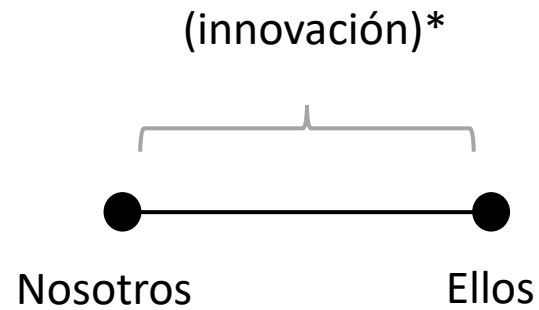
Ahora
imagina que
este otro
punto rojo es
el futuro



FUTURO DE NUESTRA CIUDAD O REGIÓN



Los puntos siempre estuvieron allí....



- *(innovación conceptual)
- *(innovación de organización)
- *(innovación de políticas)
- *(innovación de procesos)
- *(innovación en comunicación)

(Muchas veces la innovación social no es otra cosa que unir los puntos de otro modo)

¿Cuál es la innovación más disruptiva de los últimos siglos?

(Manual básico de nuestra vida en común)



**LA DEMOCRACIA
EL CONTRATO SOCIAL**

¿Pero qué es el contrato social?

Nosotros (ECO)



El planeta



La humanidad



Mi continente



Mi país



Mi tribu

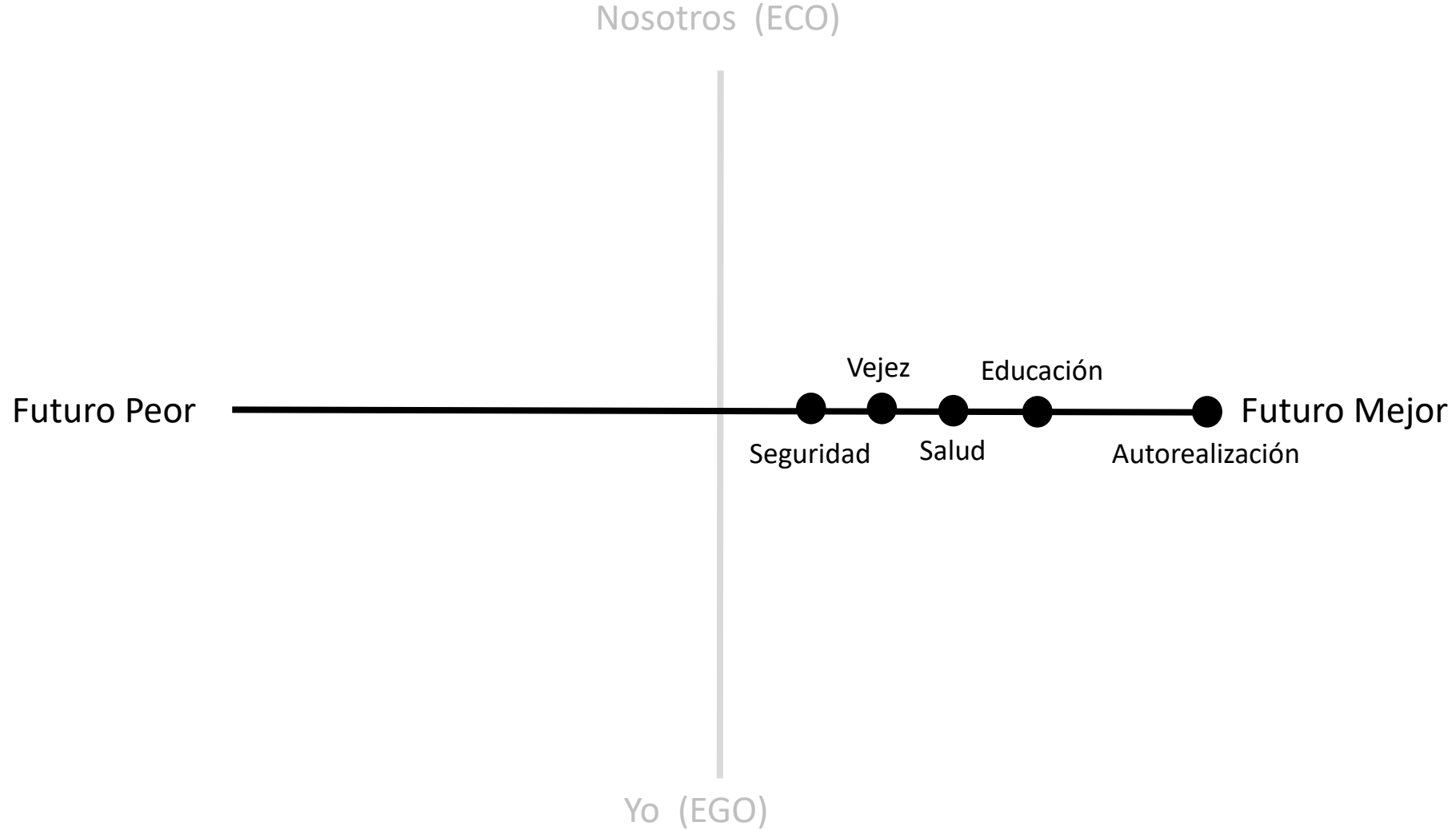


Mi familia

Yo (EGO)

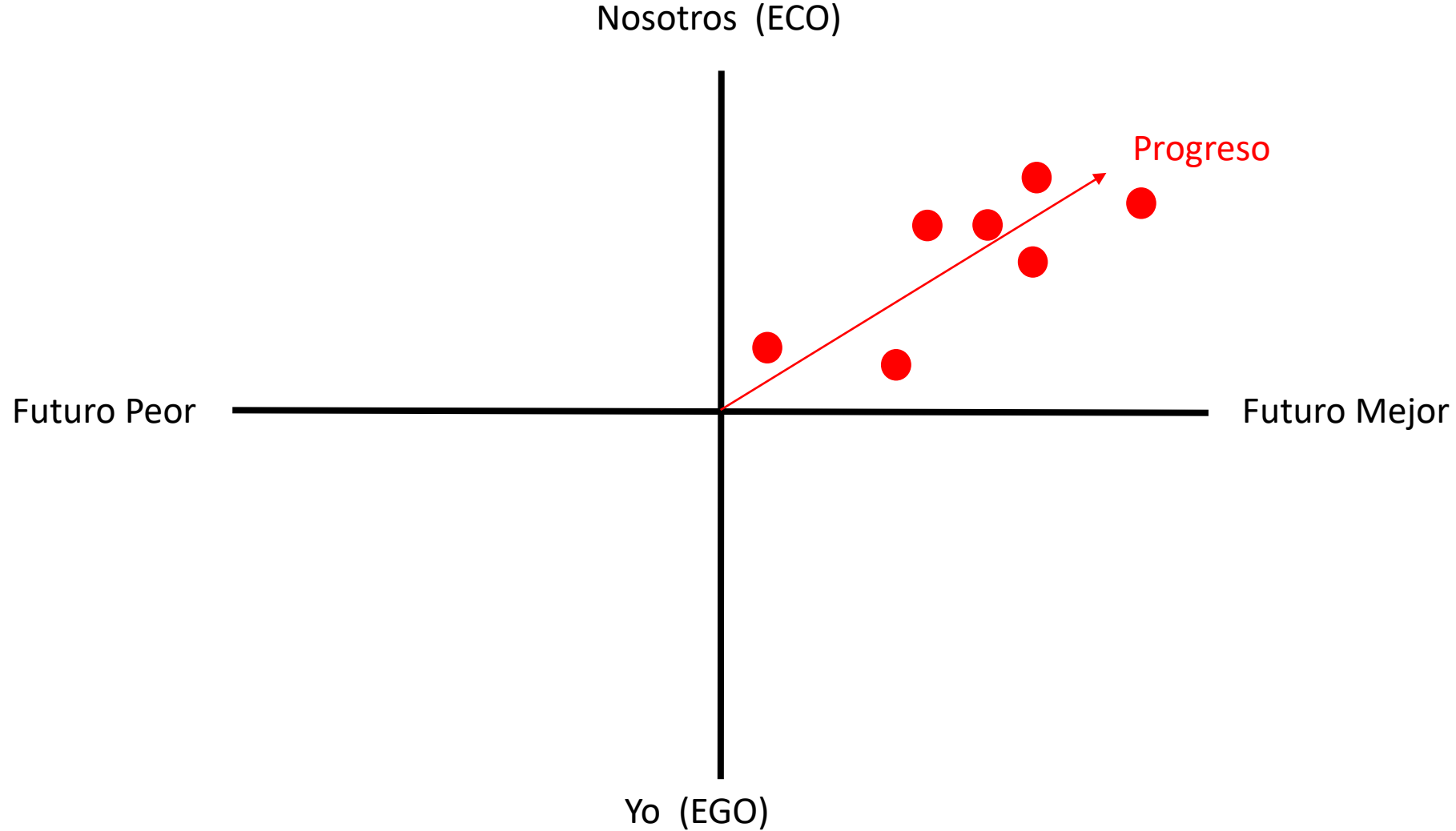
Una ampliación del “nosotros”

¿Pero qué es el contrato social?



Expectativas de un futuro mejor

¿Pero qué es el contrato social?



(más) Nosotros x (mejor) Futuro

Hacia una innovación productora de “contractualidad social”

Innovación:

- Conceptual
- Organización
- Políticas
- Procesos
- Comunicación



Nosotros (ECO)



Yo (EGO)

Futuro Mejor



Futuro Peor



TSUNAMI DE COMPLEJIDAD

WICKED PROBLEMS



TSUNAMI DE COMPLEJIDAD

WICKED PROBLEMS

NO HAY SOLUCIONES BUENAS O MALAS

Solutions are not right / wrong

ALGUNAS SOLUCIONES SON MEJORES QUE OTRAS

Solutions are better / worse

LOS PROBLEMAS SON ÚNICOS, NO HAY IGUALES

Problems are unique

DEFINICIÓN DIFUSA

No clear definition

INTERDEPENDIENTES Y MULTICAUSALES

Interdependencies and multicausal

CONSECUENCIAS DESCONOCIDAS

Unknown consequences

LOS PROBLEMAS DESBORDAN LOS LÍMITES DE LAS ORGANIZACIONES

Sit astride organizational boundaries

LAS SOLUCIONES SE RAMIFICAN

Solutions branch out

NECESITAN TIEMPO PARA PENSARLOS

Need time to think about them

ENTRAN EN CONFLICTO

The problems come into conflict

NUNCA SON COMPLETAMENTE RESUELTOS

Are never completely solved

INABORDABLE CON LAS POLÍTICAS TRADICIONALES

Seemingly intratable with chronic policy failure

LOS PROBLEMAS NO SON FINITOS

Problems have no end

comunicaciones
formales

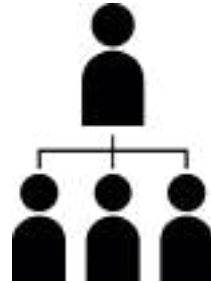
racional
división del
trabajo



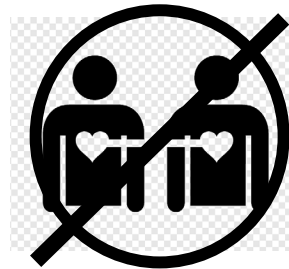
previsibilidad
y evaluación

burocracia

jerarquías



meritocracia
proyecto vital



relaciones
impersonales



procedimientos
estándares

Crisis de confianza en España

Del 15-M a la pandemia



Emergencia de la
ciudadanía digital



Ruptura del
contrato Social

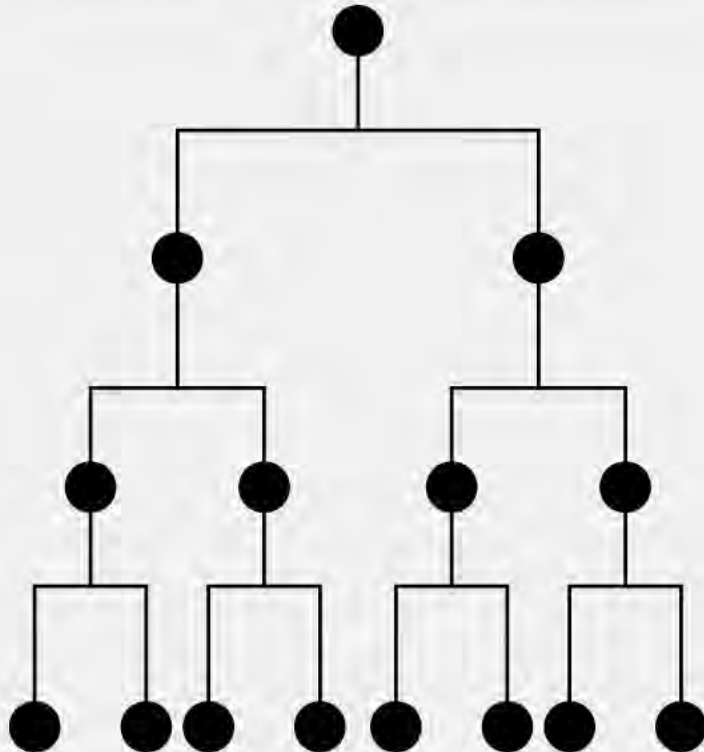


Sobredosis de
individualismo

TSUNAMI DE COMPLEJIDAD

**LAS INSTITUCIONES
TRADICIONALES NO SON
OPERATIVAS**

Traditional Institutions are not operational



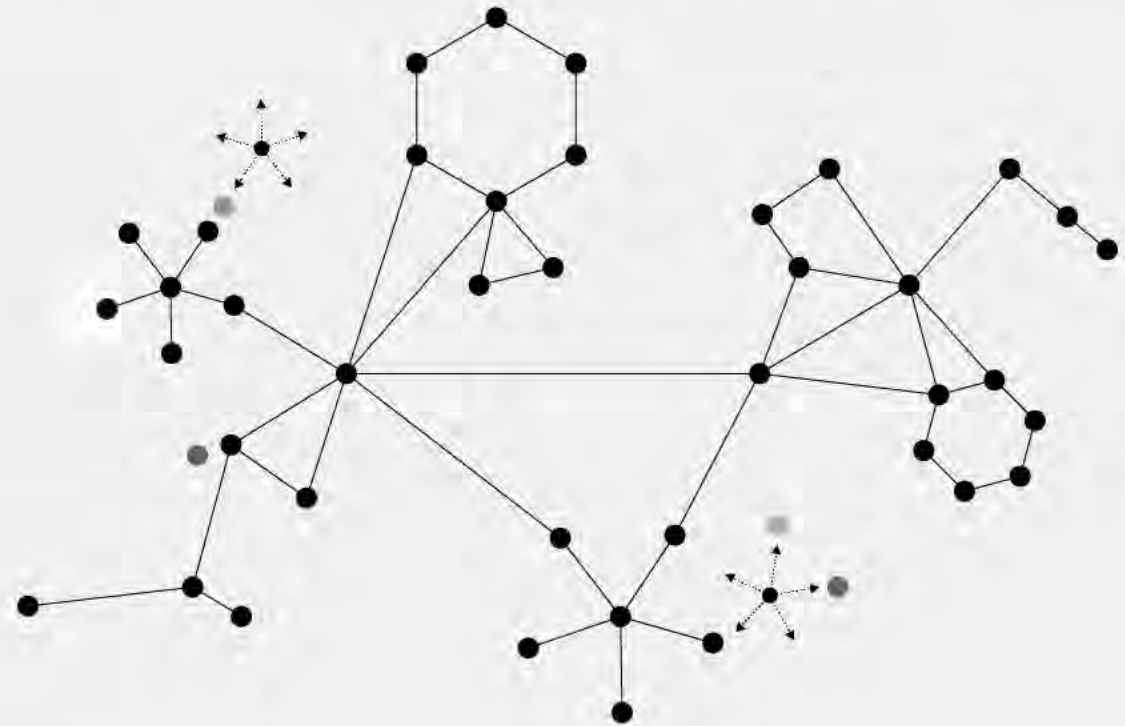
**URGE UNA
TRANSICIÓN HACÍA**

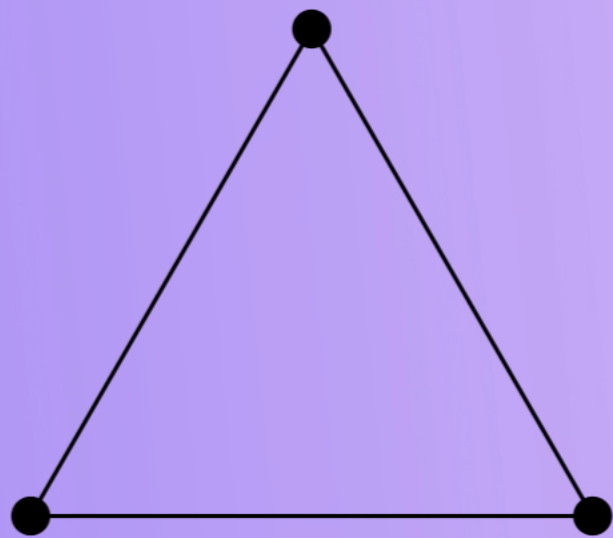


A transition is
urgently needed to

**UNA NUEVA GENERACIÓN DE
ORGANIZACIONES EN RED MÁS
ABIERTAS, ÁGILES Y DEMOCRÁTICAS**

A new generation of networked organisations that are more
open, agile and democratic

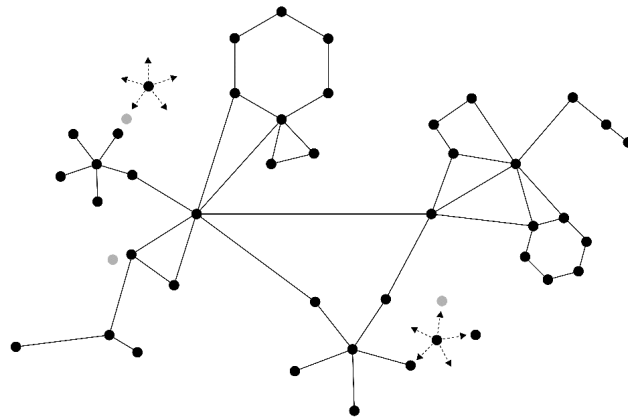




¿cómo son los ecosistemas de innovación social?

¿qué podemos aprender de ellos?

¿cómo aplicar la innovación social a la
complejidad?



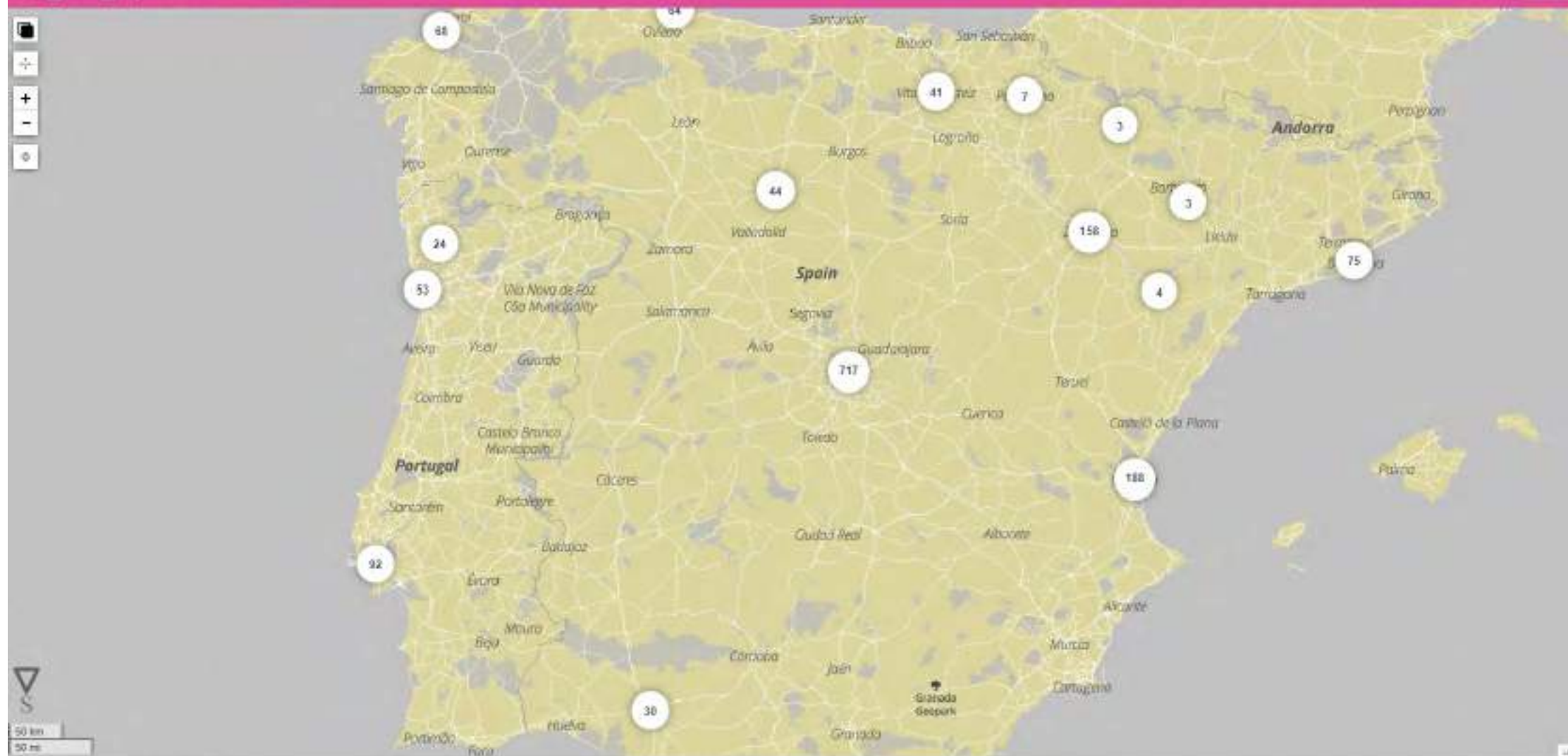
CIUDAD

ODS

TEMÁTICA

ESPACIO

Mostrando 5866 iniciativas



CIUDAD

ODS

TEMÁTICA

ESPACIO

AGENTE

Mostrando 5866 iniciativas

BUSCA POR





ZAC La Azucarera



ZAC Las Armas



La Colaboradora



LAAAB

**COLA
BORA
BORA**

Euskadi



Las Naves Valencia



Medialab Prado



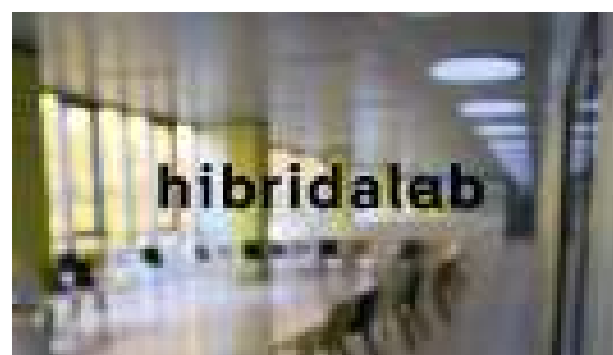
Nesi Forum Málaga



Citylab Cornellá



Mares Madrid



Hibridalab Vitoria



Cartuja Qanat Sevilla

libertad

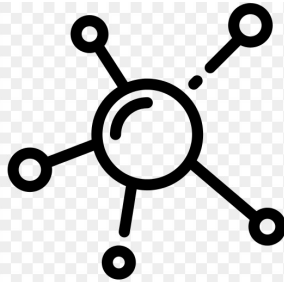


pasión



comunidad

redes
incluyentes

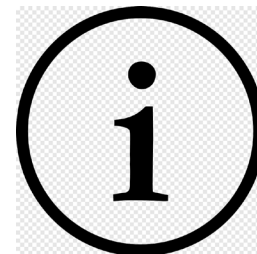


Valores Ética Hacker



impacto
social

creatividad y
curiosidad



información
accesible

usuarios >>
productores



expertos >>
Inteligencia colectiva



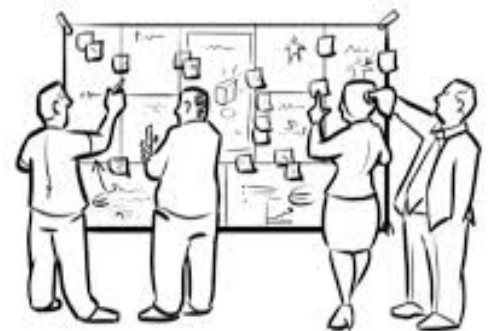
individuo >>
comunidad



funcionarios >>
mediadores



ventanillas >>
redes

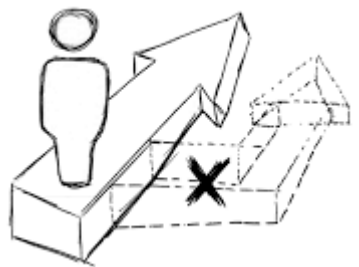


Ética hacker en las organizaciones

masa >>
multitudes



burocracia >>
experiencia



reglamento >>
experimento

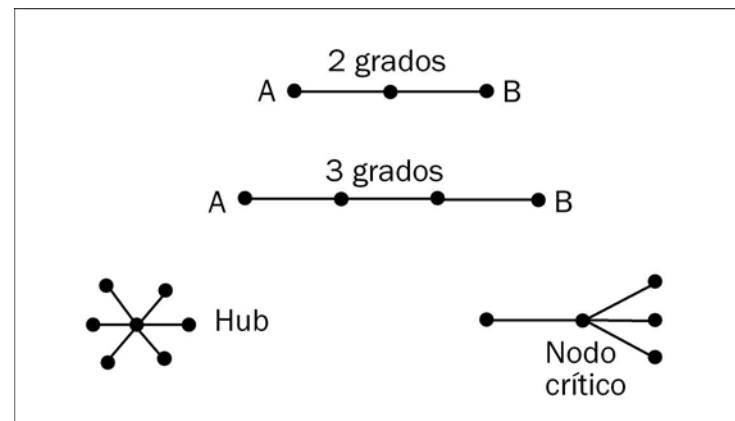
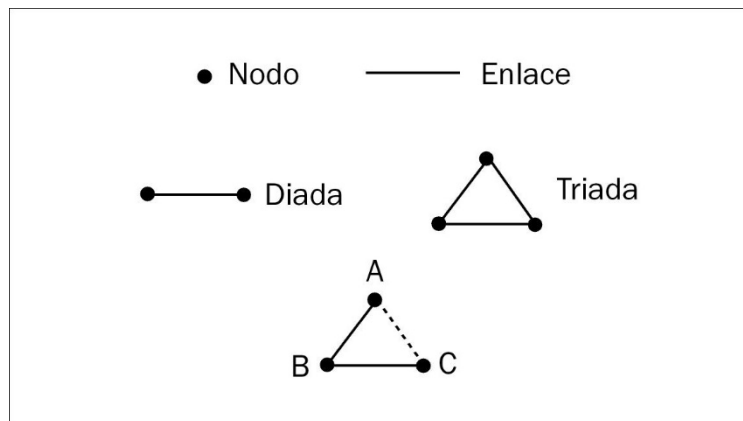


planificación >>
laboratorio

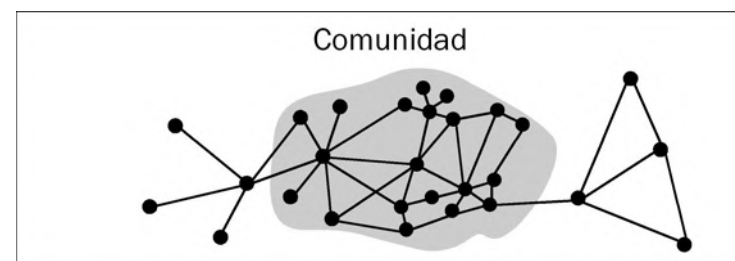
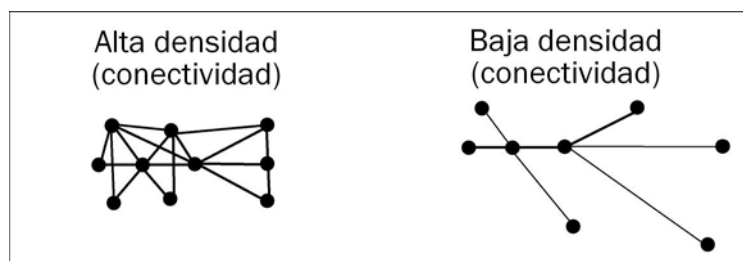
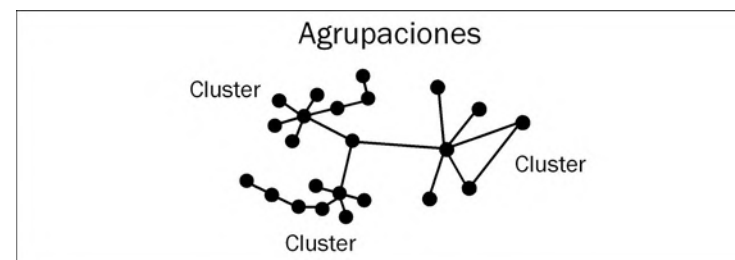
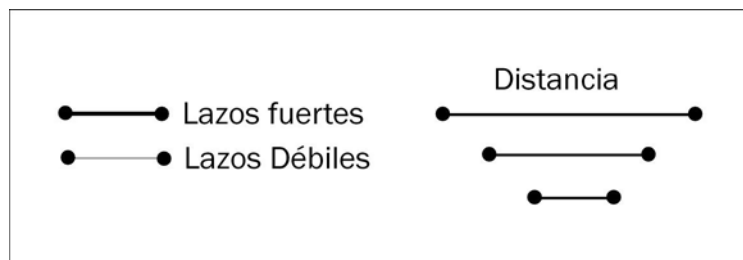


susplicacia >>
confianza

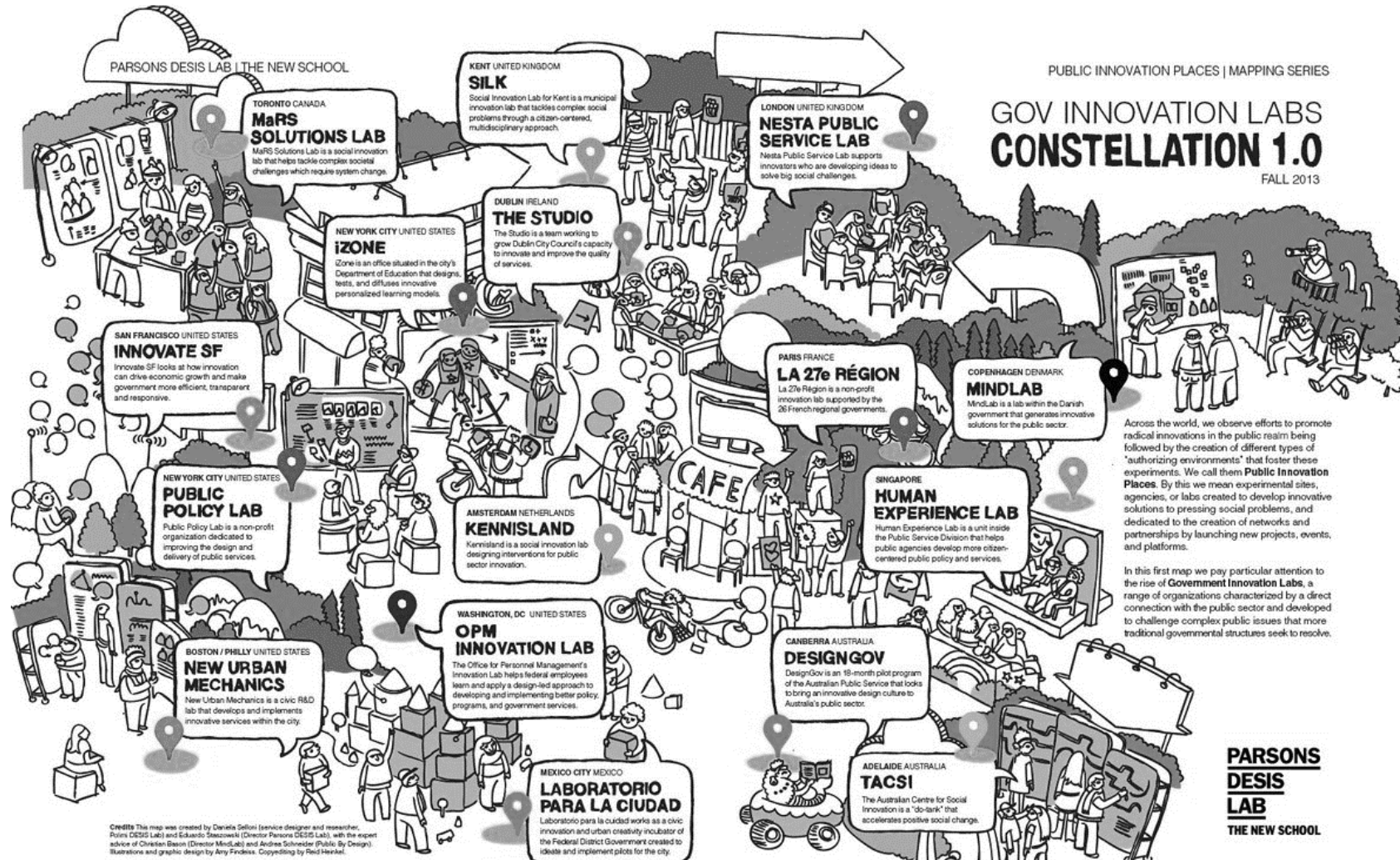




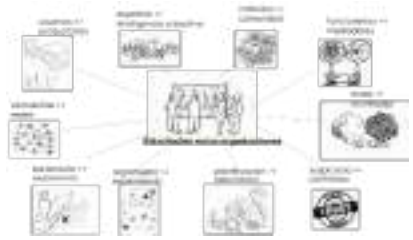
ciencia de redes



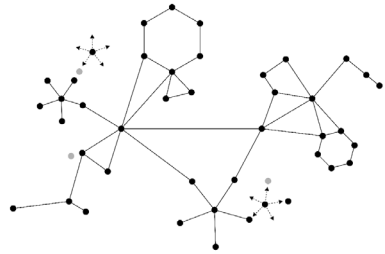
¿qué hacen los ecosistemas?



A partir de NESTA: Parson New School, Design School of Stanford, Vinnova, Harvard Business Review, IDEO, OPSI de OCDE...

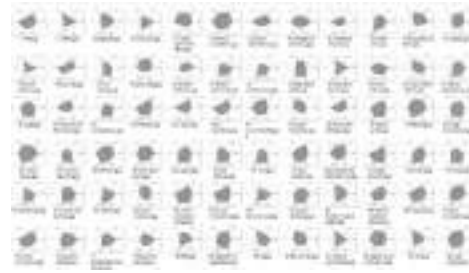


Ética Hacker



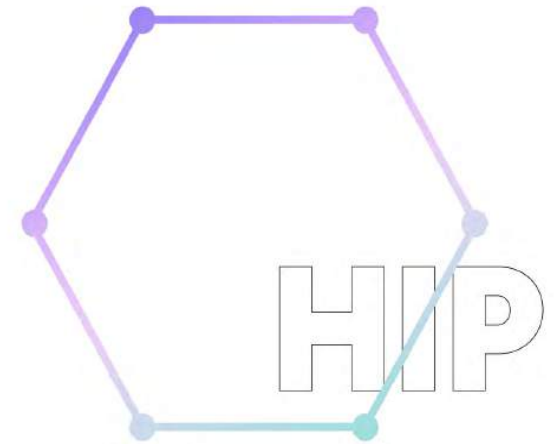
Ciencia
De redes

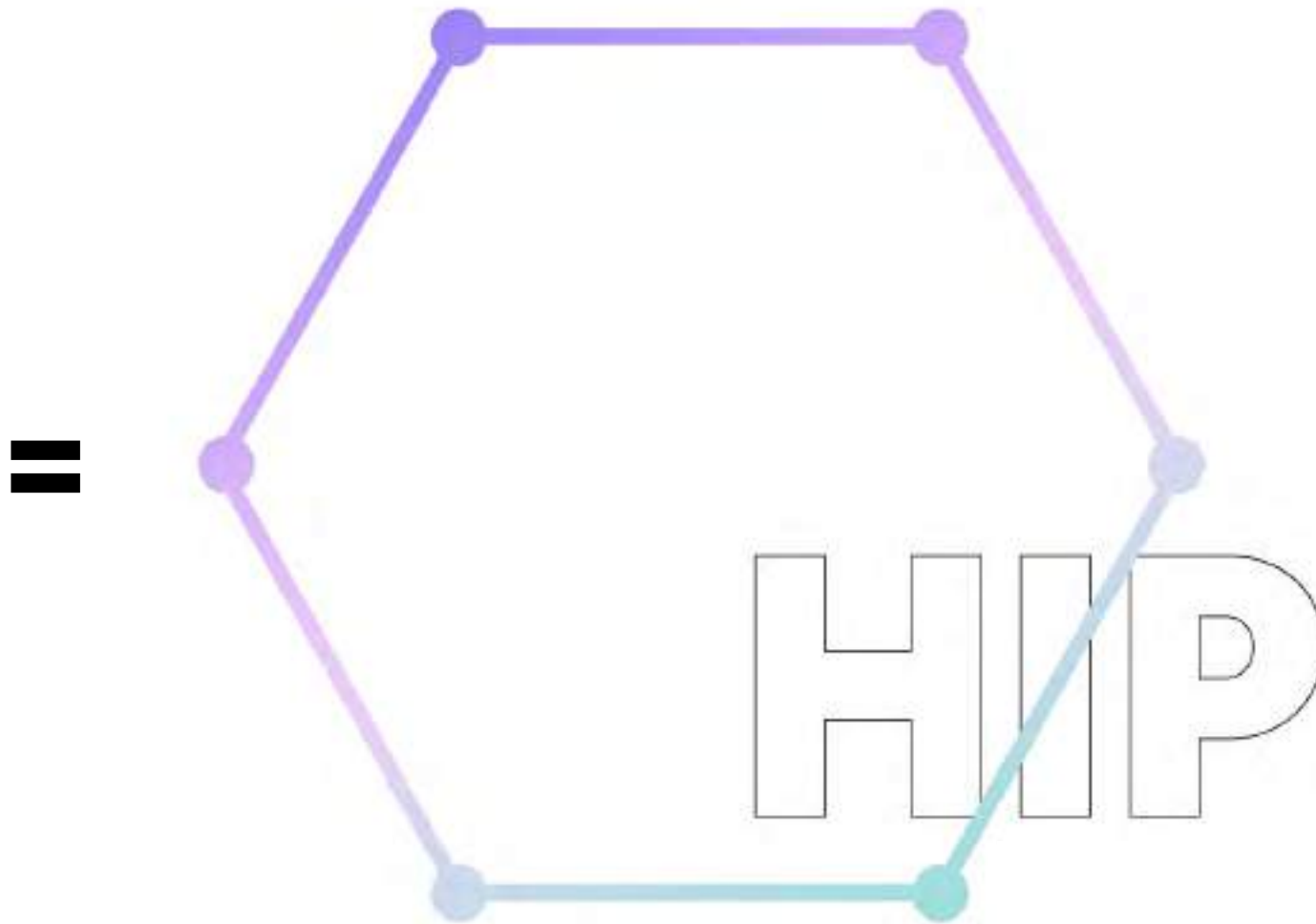
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105
metodologías

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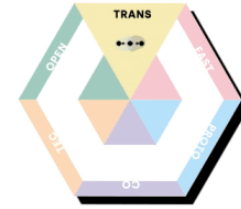
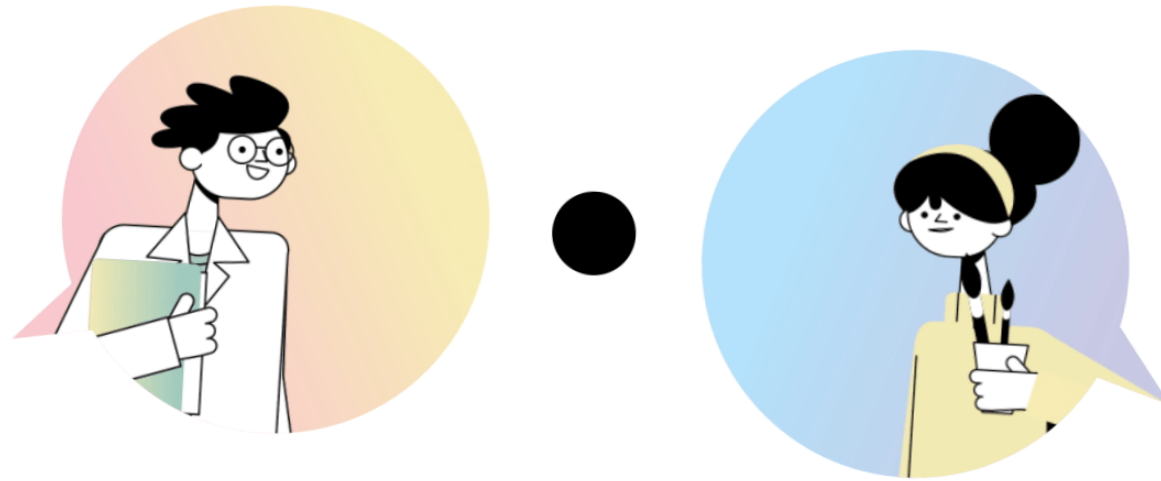




OPEN

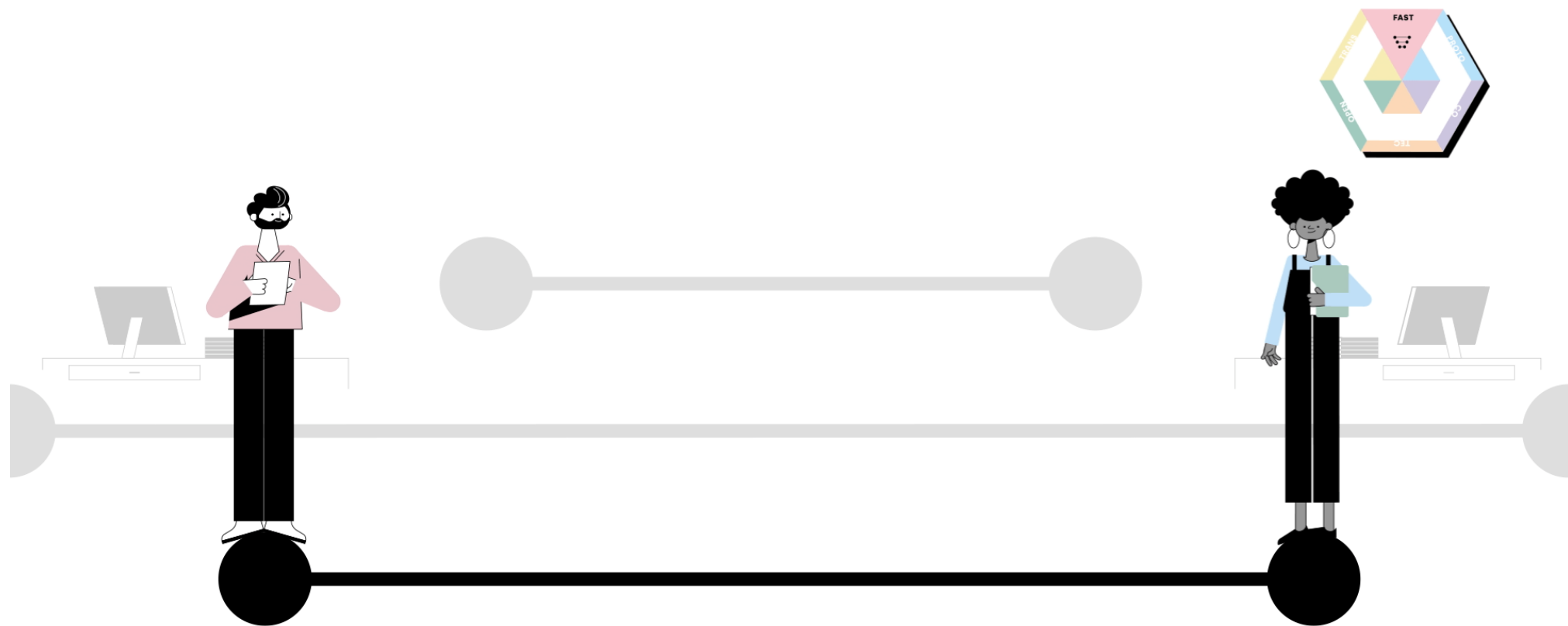


<https://modelohip.net/open/>



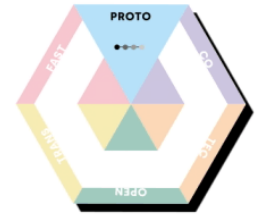
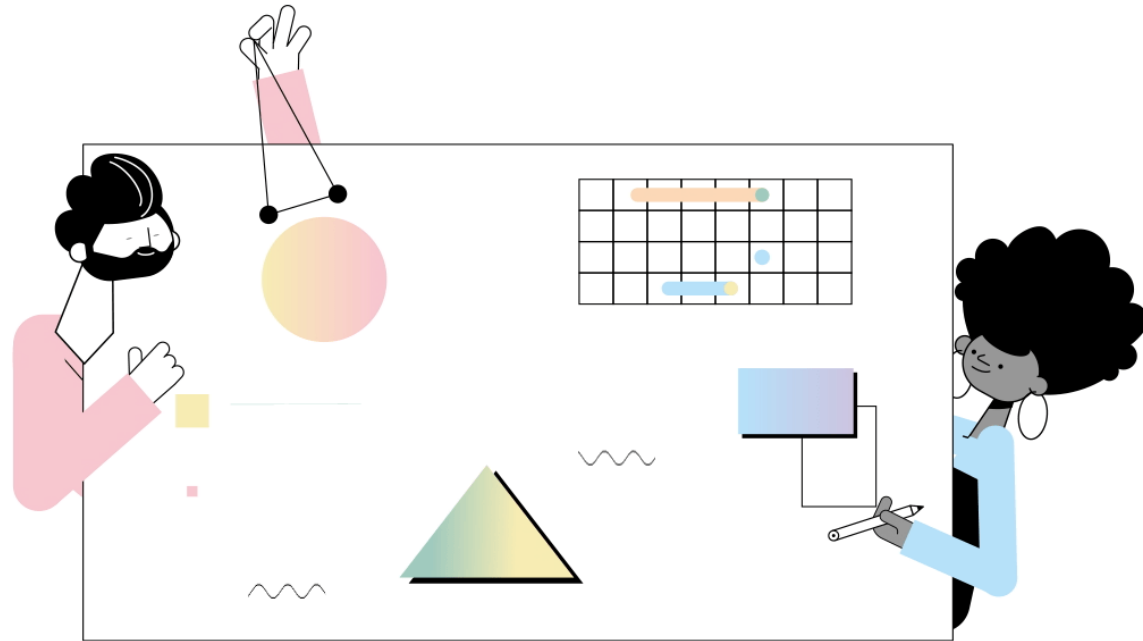
TRANS

<https://modelohip.net/trans/>



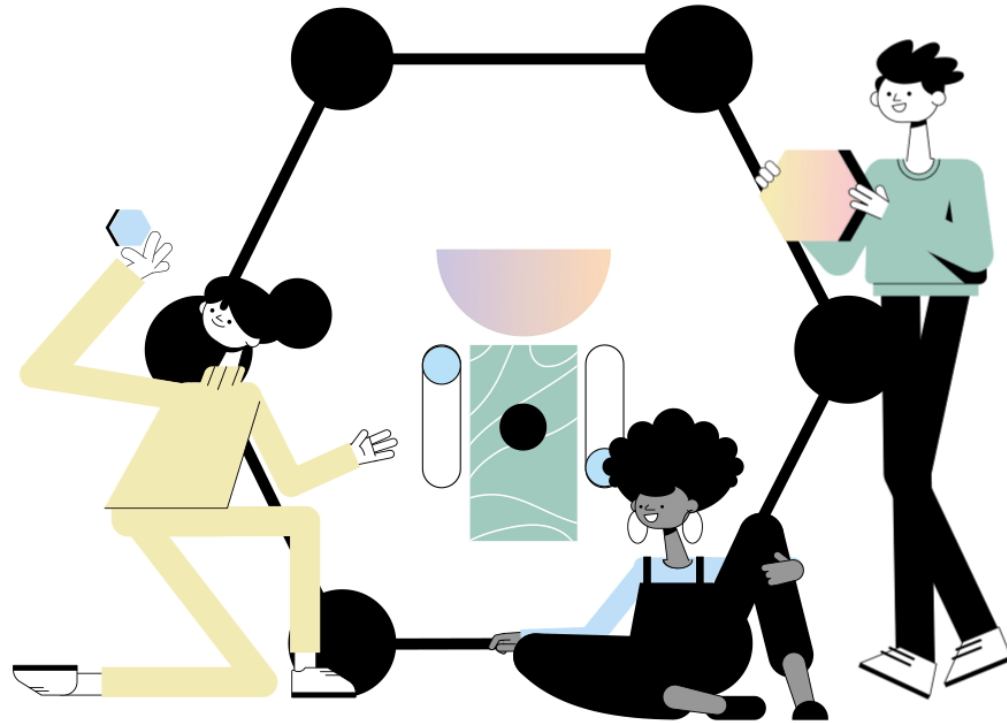
FAST

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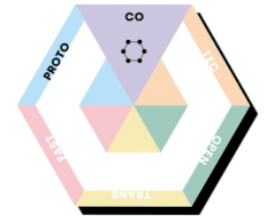


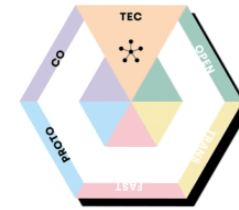
PROTO

<https://modelohip.net/proto/>

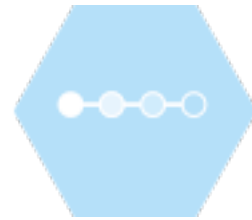
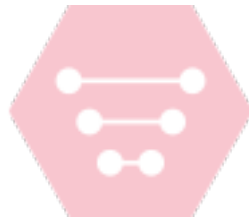


CO





¿Un centro de innovación social?



los laboratorios

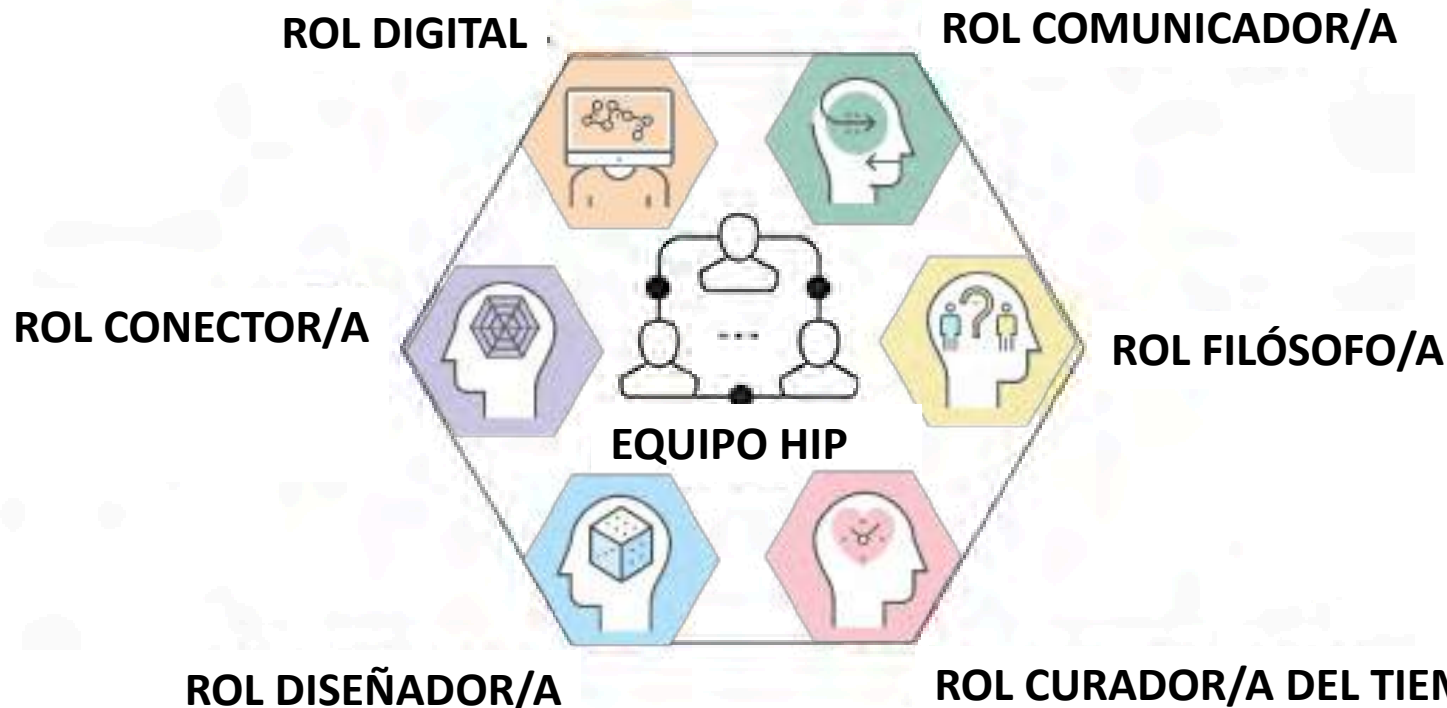
Los laboratorios son dispositivos que **abren las instituciones** desde dentro, conectándolos a la sociedad red para explotar todo su ancho de banda. Actúan como **super hubs** vinculando a múltiples actores (personal público, agencias públicas, academia, ciudadanía, empresas y entidades sociales) para pensar, experimentar y producir entre todos una nueva institucionalidad que redunde en **relaciones significativas basadas en la confianza** y el afecto, por una parte, y la celebración del mestizaje por otra. En torno a **conversaciones** productivas cristalizadas normalmente en **prototipos** y otros entregables que, gracias a la tecnología, pueden ser **iterados, escalados y replicados**, quedando todo documentado para fecundar nuevos brotes y así reactivar un proceso desde el principio, en un **flujo circular, performativo y virtuoso: rizomático.**

Equipos hexagonales para la innovación social

Es capaz de multiplicar la conectividad de la organización, facilita la gestión eficiente del stock de datos y los transforma en valor público. Promueve la interoperabilidad y la usabilidad de la información. Actualizado en tecnologías específicas de la información. Actualizado en tecnologías específicas de su ámbito (salud, educación...) y/o tecnologías disruptivas.

Es capaz de proyectar conversaciones con el exterior, ampliando las redes hacia fuera, tejiendo alianzas, captando la energía del entorno y decodificando los mensajes en dos direcciones; utilizando todos los canales disponibles: redes sociales,

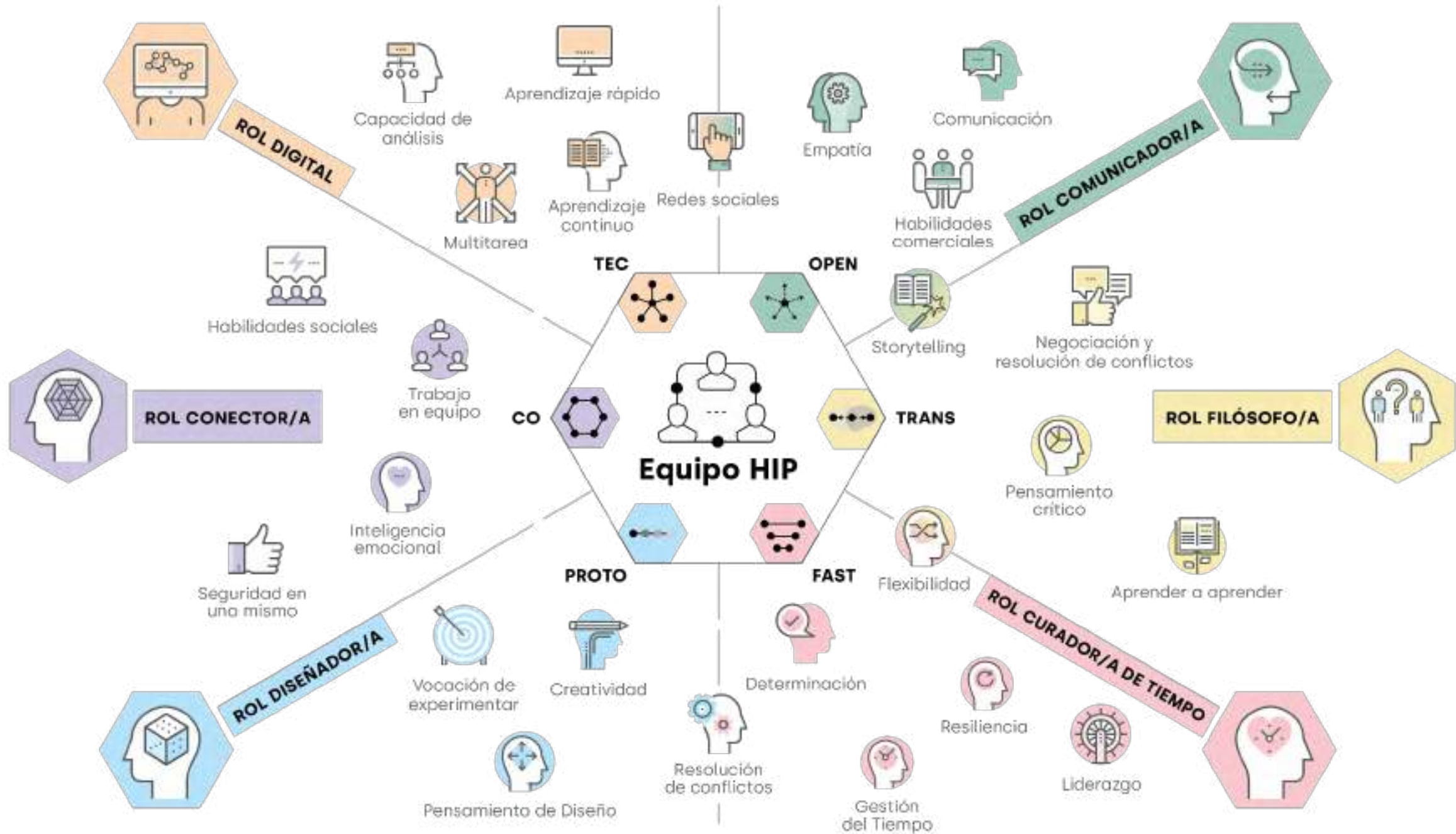
Es capaz de generar sincronía en la red, fomenta una cultura organizacional integradora, impulsa procesos de co. creación que generan sentimiento de pertenencia y proveen identidad y significado al grupo. En última instancia, favorecen la creación de una comunidad estable.



Es capaz de proyectar pensamiento crítico, trazar conexiones improbables con análisis transversales y equipos trans-disciplinarios, conjugando pensamiento híbrido y acción anfibia, superando el trabajo en silos y los departamentos estancos.

Es capaz de relacionarse de una forma intuitiva con el futuro. Reduce el nivel de abstracción de la conversación, con sus prototipos o pilotos genera núcleos de conversación que alinea visiones y multiplican la productividad del equipo.

Es capaz de acortar distancias, produciendo más y mejores conversaciones mediante un uso racional y conciliable del tiempo (recurso humanos, presupuestos...) que redundan en relaciones más significativas y sostenibles para los miembros de la organización y los actores del ecosistema.





HIP >> OPEN > Rol Comunicador/a



Nosotros



Ellos



HIP → TRANS → Rol Filósofo/a

-
-
-

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-

Departamentos

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HIP >> FAST > Rol Curador/a de Tiempo

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L	e	j	o	s
		•		



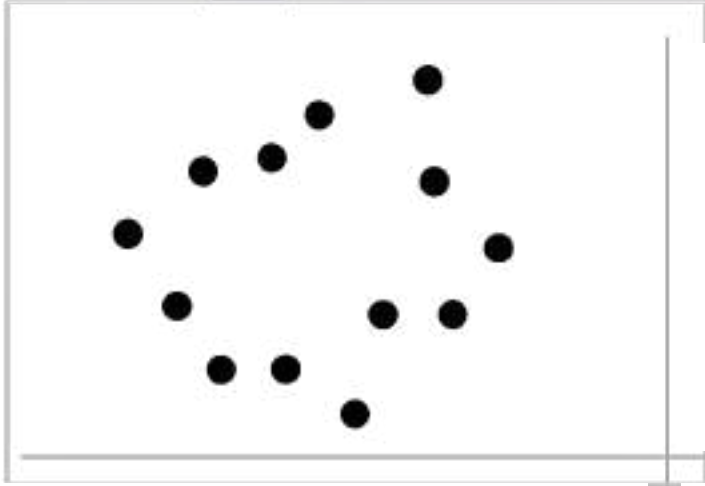
HIP >> PROTO > Rol Diseñador/a

●
Hoy

○
Mañana



HIP >> CO > Rol Conector/a

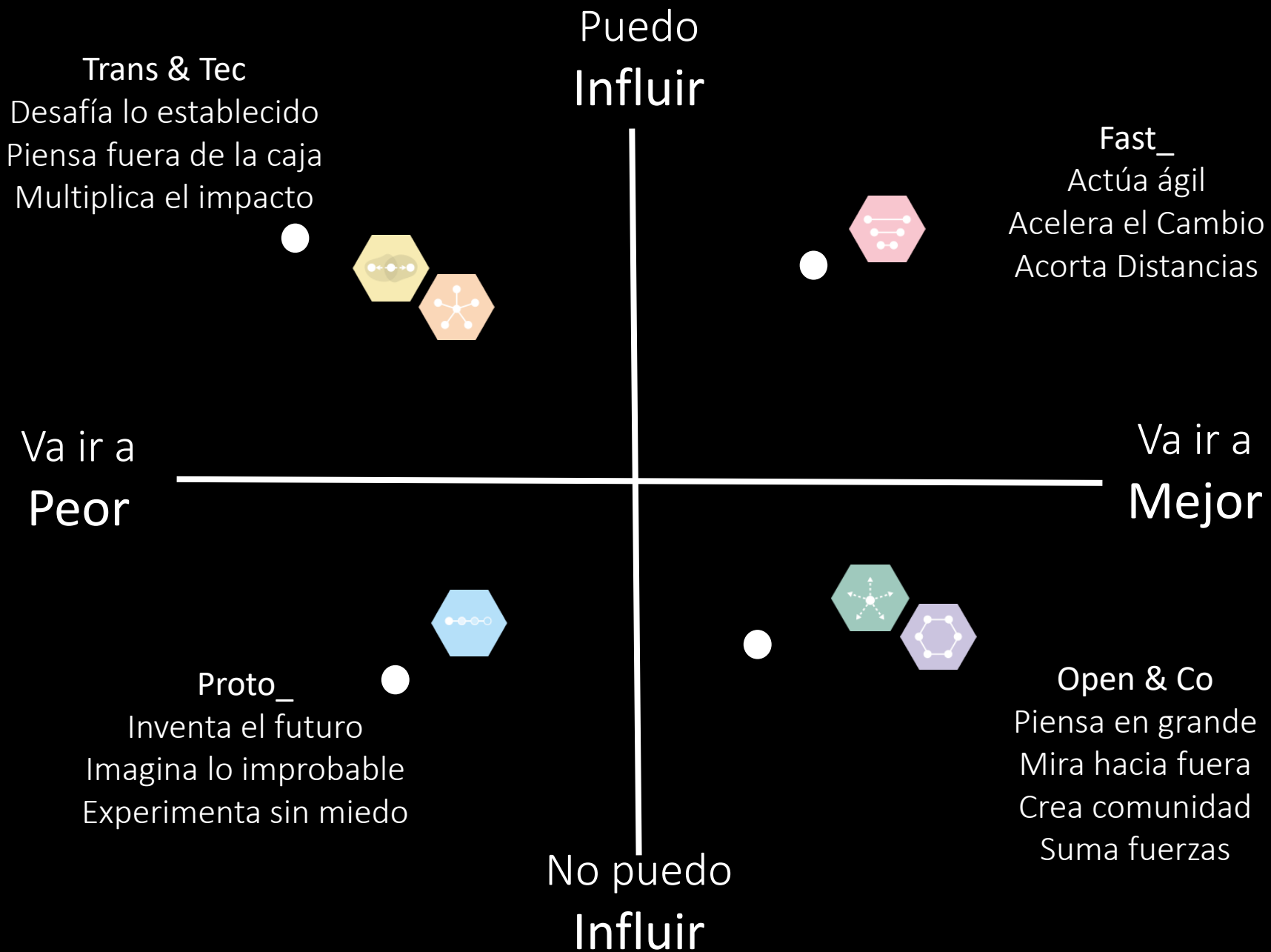




HIP >> TEC > Rol Digital



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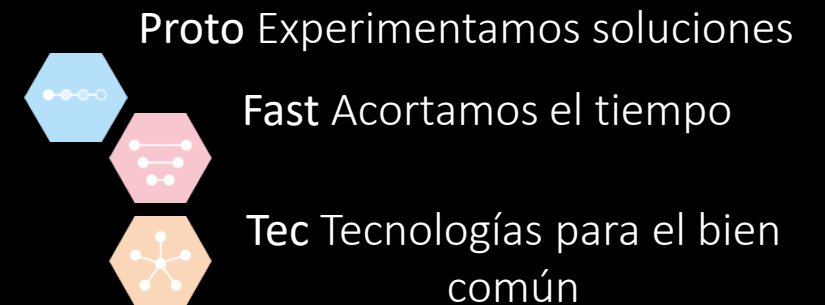
INNOVACIÓN SOCIAL Y CONTRATO SOCIAL

Nosotros
(ECO)

Vectores que
amplían el rango del
nosotros



Vectores que
prefiguran el futuro



Yo
(EGO)

Mejor
FUTURO

INNOVACIÓN SOCIAL Y CONTRATO SOCIAL

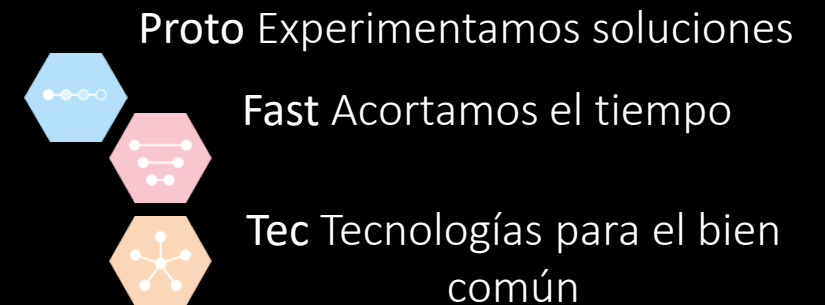
Nosotros
(ECO)

Vectores que
amplían el rango del
nosotros



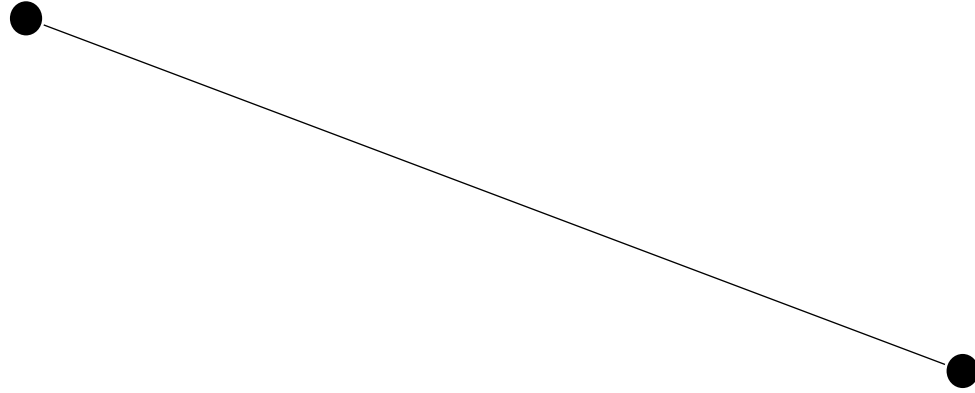
HIP = Organizaciones
Productoras de
contractualidad social

Vectores que
prefiguran el futuro



Yo
(EGO)

Mejor
FUTURO



Haz la línea y no el punto.

Deleuze y Guattari. Rizoma 1972

Gracias!

www.modeloHIP.net

www.laaab.es

@raulolivan



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02

Scaling up social innovation

Working Group

**Mickaël Barth; Head Consolidation and Scale Up Team –
Avisé, France**

Working session agenda



1. Introduction – Upscaling definition and return on experience from BuiCaSuS perspective -
Avisé 15 min
2. Focus on 3 countries : IE, PT, FR -*15 min each*
3. Questions from the audience / discussion between speakers : *30 min*

Participants

Avisé (FR)– Mickael BARTH – Team leader (animator)

Genio (IE) – Gràinne SMITH – Project coordinator

Portugal Inovação Social (PT) – Vera EGREJA BARRACHO – Strategic Advisor

ESS France (FR) – Antoine DETOURNE – Managing director

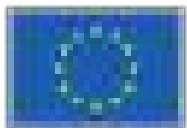


What to consider to support upscaling?

**Return on experience from different countries and stakeholders:
Avisé (FR), Genio (IE), Portugal Inovação Social (PT), ESS France (FR)**

Thursday, October 20, 2022

11:30 – 13:00



Funded by
the European Union



Our fields of expertise

BUILDING UP
and enhancing communities of entrepreneurial support organizations

DEVELOPPING
new support programmes and services.

SUPPORTING
the up-scaling of non-profit organizations and social businesses.

TOOLING UP
project leaders and social entrepreneurs through the resource centre avise.org.

Our online portail : Avise.org

Our members and partners

We work with public institutions and private organizations, guided by the concern about contributing to the general interest

OUR MEMBERS



OUR PARTNERS



Defining « upscaling » : EC definition (2021)

According to the EC (2021) definition upscaling refers to :

“... a process of transferring **proven social innovations** to other actors or contexts thus **creating a wider impact**.”

Scaling can emerge both from :

- **supply perspective** (social innovator seeks to expand activities or is looking for partners who could replicate the innovation in other context)
- **or from demand perspective** (public authorities or other stakeholders replicate a proven solution or embed it in public policies or functioning of systems (mainstreaming)).

Scaling of social innovation often benefit from cooperation at EU level: an established practice from one country or region can serve as a source of innovation elsewhere.”

Defining « upscaling » : Avise perspective

According to Avise, “upscaling” refers to :

« A process by which an organization tries to maximize its social impact, by reinforcing its structuration and/or by leaning on its ecosystem. »



Social impact = social, societal, environmental, political impacts



Upscaling is different from growth (but business/economic modeling and financing is still an important factor)

Defining « upscaling » : Avise perspective

Two different levels of “upscaling” :

- Increase of the number of social enterprises
- Development of networks
- Evolution of the legal context



A process by which an organization tries to maximize its social impact

* In France, we understand by « social enterprise » an enterprise that can have the following legal status : co-op, non-profit organization (association), business enterprise with a specific label (B-Corp, etc.), etc.

Defining « upscaling » : Awise perspective

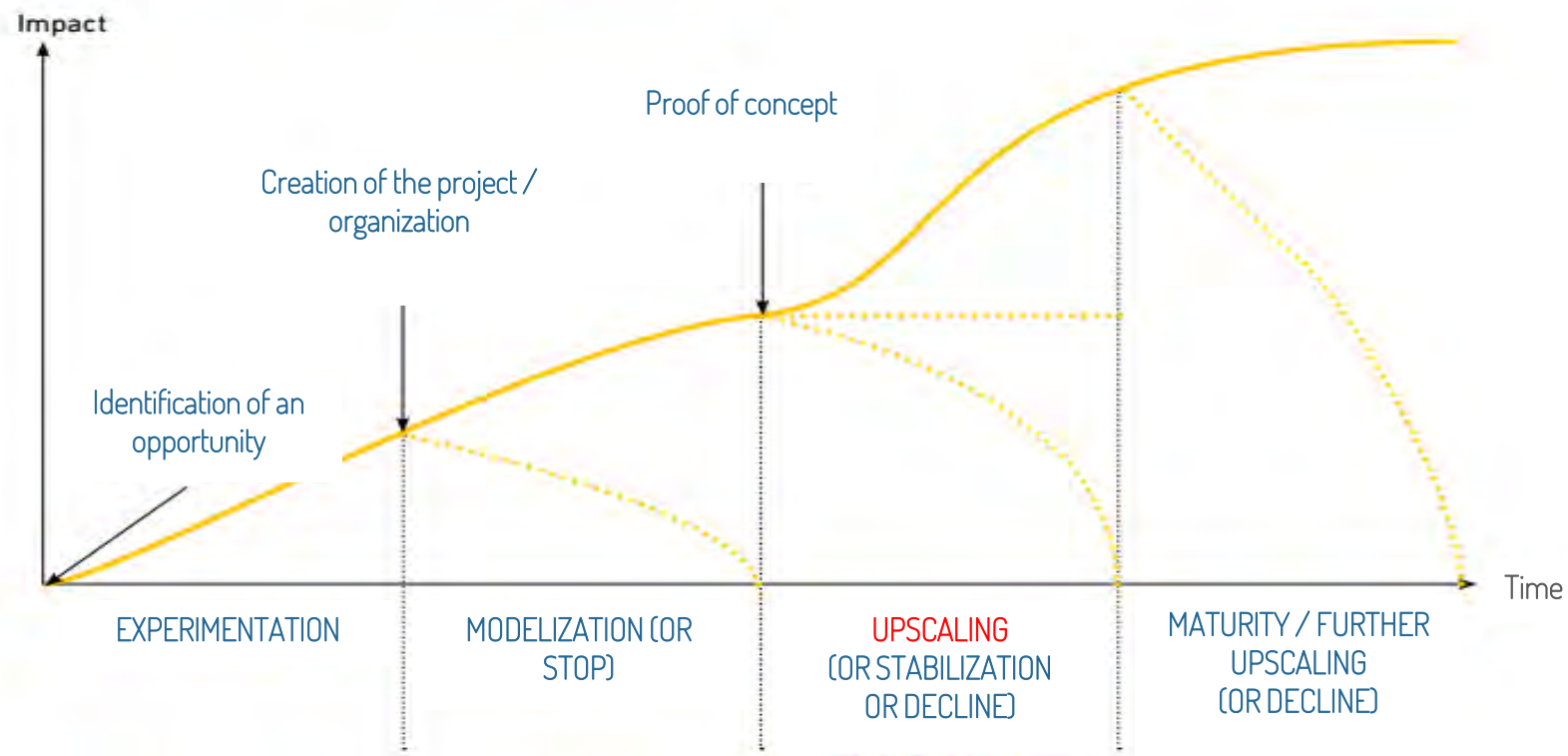
How to “maximize” the impact ?



Defining « upscaling » : Awise perspective

When does an organization launch an “upscaling” process ?

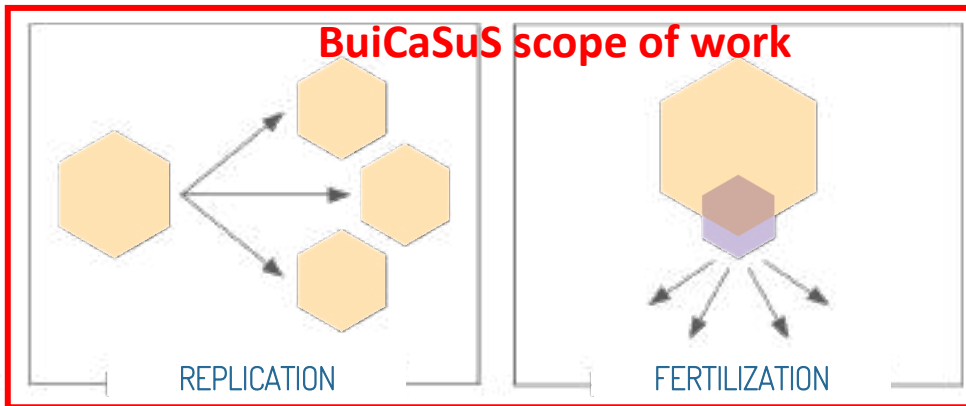
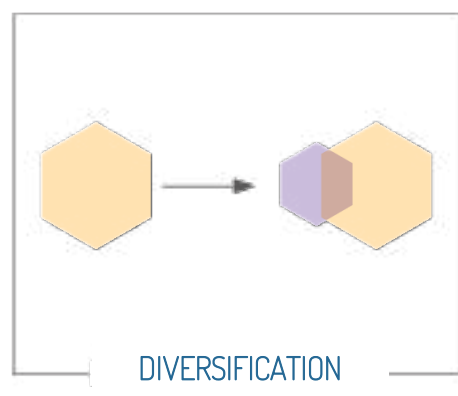
LIFE CYCLE
OF A SOCIAL INNOVATION PROJECT



Defining « upscaling » : Avise perspective

5 different strategies in order to scale up = maximize social impact

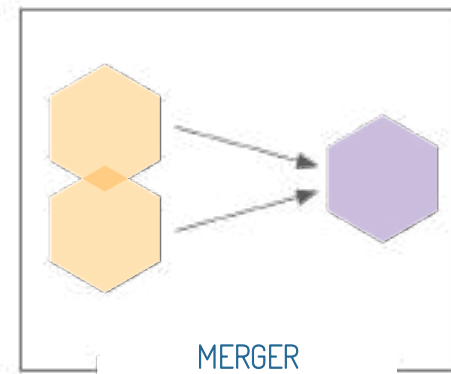
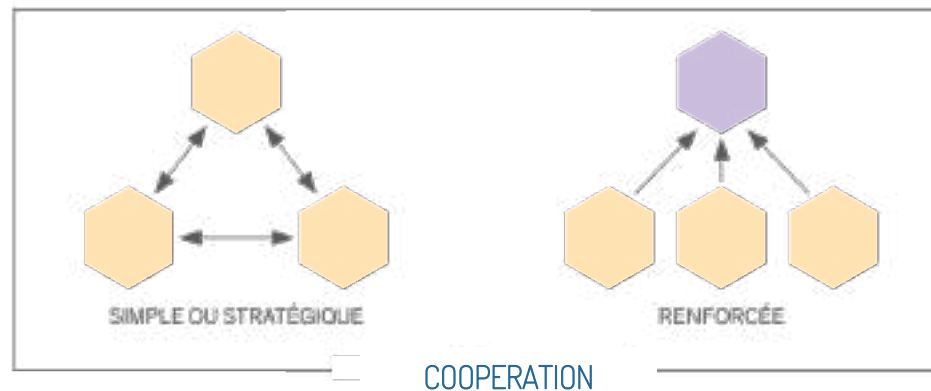
Individual strategies



An organization

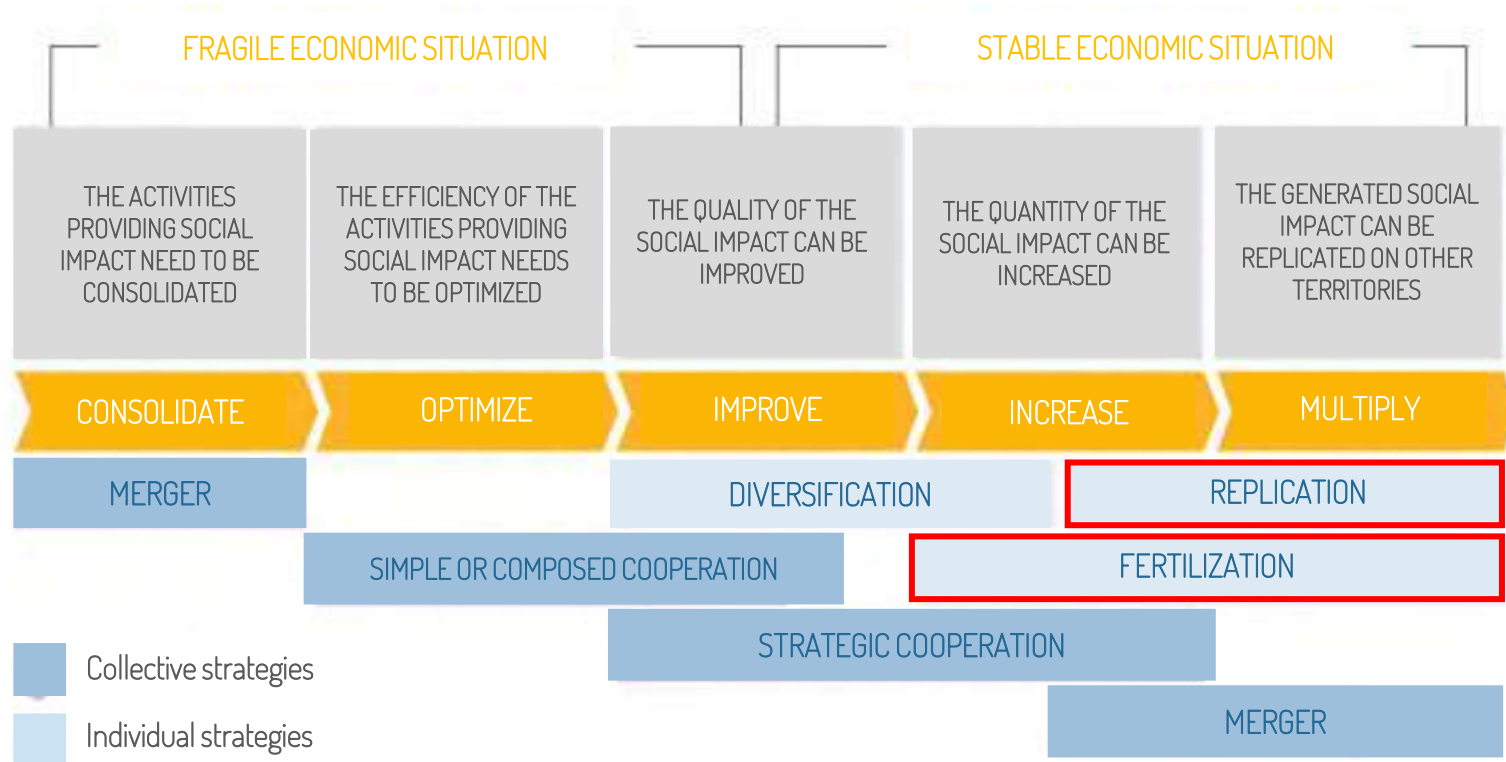
A project

Collective strategies



Defining « upscaling » : Awise perspective

The 5 different strategies answer to different contexts



Defining « upscaling » : Awise perspective

3 conditions to scale up

Structure internal analysis

« what I can do »

- Social impact proof of concept
- Economic model viability
- Organization maturity and readiness

Structure strategic ambition

« what I want to do »

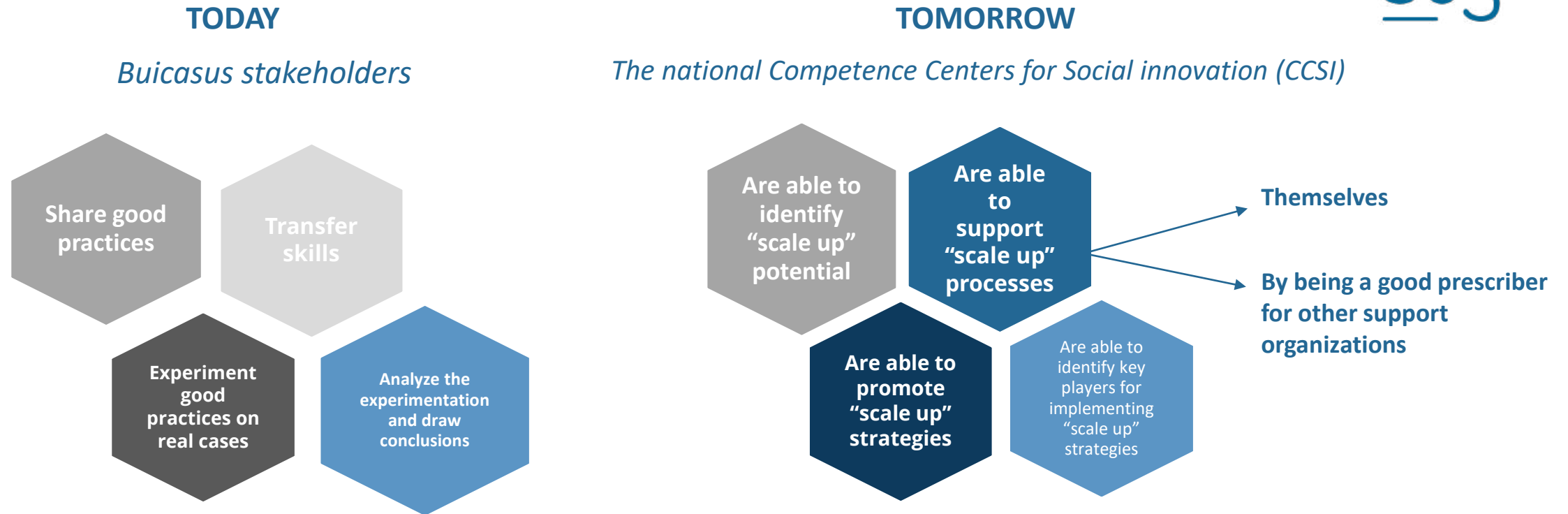
- Vision, mission and ambition clarified
- Governance alignment
- Ecosystem expectations

External environment analysis

« what is needed to do »

- Social needs evolution
- Social needs assessment on other territories
- Partners (financing and non-financing) positioning

BuiCaSuS :Upscaling objectives



➔ **Project scope of work: transfer skill and knowledge dedicated to upscaling between consortium stakeholders**

BuiCaSuS : Upscaling methodology

1) Organizing the transfer : who's transferring what to whom ?

- Identify SI mentors and SI Pilot projects « receiving » transfer
- Identify mature SI projects « giving » transfer

2) Getting inspired

- 2 LEx in France and Sweden => visit organization that scaled-up
- Sharing methods and knowledge

3) Giving expertise : « train the trainers »

- Upscaling strategies workshop
- Upscaling business model workshop
- Hotline – mentoring for pilot projects

4) Turn ideas into a plan

- Upscaling Business plan (ongoing – december 23)

Main outcomes (to date)

- 10 projects tooled-up
- 10 SI mentors trained
- Scaling-up needs more than 6 months training
- Getting prepared and anticipate on future project development

Next steps

- Working paper for each projects upscaling BP
- Integrate upscaling specificities in National CCSI strategies



BuiCaSuS - Mid-Term Conference

Supporting social innovations to scale

20th/21st October 2022

[Genio Video](#)



Genio - Scaling social innovations to solve complex problems

- Work at Irish and European level, based in Dublin, Ireland
- 12 years' experience of scaling social innovation in Ireland and Europe
- Trusted partners of government agencies, European institutions and international foundations

How:

- Support innovation that puts people at the heart of service design
- Help to build capacity of leaders within systems and organisations and embed long-term change
- Use an action research approach to solve complex problems in real time
- Manage reform funding for cost-effective innovation and service reform



Scaling innovation in the public sector

Context

- Public sector budgets already committed and under pressure
- Difficulty ringfencing and protecting funding to introduce innovation
- Transition funding required to support new models /approaches while not upsetting existing funding arrangements
- Successfully implemented innovations to create appetite for refocusing larger budgets to adopt cost effective innovation
- Capacity building required for those implementing change



Example: Service Reform Fund (SRF)

- Genio, in collaboration with National Government; Local Government agencies; third sector organisations and philanthropy
- Service Reform Fund (SRF) €45m (30m state funding, 15m Philanthropy)
- Aim – Scale cost-effective innovation in social services in line with national policy objectives



Service Reform Fund (SRF) focus areas

- Disability: De-Congregation - supporting people to live in the community
- Mental health: Individual Placement & Support - giving real jobs to people rather than just training
- Homelessness: Housing First - giving long term homeless people their own homes



Service Reform Fund (SRF)

- Ringfenced funding to enable innovations to gain traction in public service systems
- Grant funding allocated on a competitive basis
- Planning grants awarded to support consultation with stakeholders particularly end beneficiaries
- Capacity building support and training provided alongside funding
- Funding released only on the basis of outcomes achieved
- Action Research approach used
- External evaluation commissioned where needed



Action Research

- Objective: to identify the challenges and opportunities in implementing the initiatives and to highlight areas of synergy, as they arise
- Use interviews and focus groups to facilitate discussions with senior and frontline staff
- A key component is to help social services to bring people using the services into the heart of the reform effort
- Draws on concepts of institutional theory to understand why ingrained beliefs and practices exist in fields and to understand how they can be purposefully changed
- Conducted in cycles of interviews and feedback throughout the lifetime of the project



What was unique about the SRF

- Put pressure on the system to **develop plans** and **solutions** at a regional level
- Funding was used as **leverage** to encourage agencies to engage with the SRF and to ensure accountability
- Perceived to have “forced an agenda” for engagement - acted as a catalyst for both introducing and strengthening **service user engagement**
- **Action research** enabled an iterative learning approach, allowing innovations to pivot and adapt
- **Training and capacity building** were found to be integral elements of the reform process



Outcomes of SRF

- Enabled people to live more independent and productive lives – all targets set were exceeded
- Fostered a new way of working, promoting inter-agency collaboration
- Developed ways to navigate a complex system to transform lives and protect the most vulnerable people in our society
- Work has been sustained and mainstreamed



Scaling SI in Europe

- European Social Catalyst Fund (ESCF) – established and co-funded by EU Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme, Genio (Ireland), Robert Bosch Stiftung (Germany); King Baudouin Foundation (Belgium) www.euscf.eu
- Aim: to identify and support proven innovations to develop plans to scale within, and across EU Member States
- 120 applications received from 22 countries
- Seven innovations selected to develop plans in a total of 15 countries



Supports offered by Genio

- Financial management of fund
- Provision of non-financial support
- Tailor made capacity building programme combining group and individual sessions covering topics such as
- Progress monitored and funding released against agreed objectives
- See ESCF Report - Planning the Scaling of Successful Social Innovations
https://www.euscf.eu/_files/ugd/ae603a_f45eef6dd28b44578ea80fa026d73183.pdf



Success of ESCF

- ESCF resulting in the development of 120m euro European Social Innovation Catalyst Fund (ESICF) (30m from EU Horizon Europe Programme) – *A European Social Innovation Catalyst Fund to Advance EU Mission Objectives by Replicating and Scaling-up Existing, Demonstrably Successful Social Innovations (HORIZON-MISS-2022-SOCIALCAT-01)*



Challenges to scaling

- Insufficient resources for objective evaluation of the efficacy of innovations
- Not enough attention and support for planning for scaling
- Uncertainty in relation to validating innovations for scaling (Genio producing validation tool for scaling, currently being tested by FUSE)
- Stakeholder engagement strategies need improvement
- Support needed to learn as you scale
<https://www.genio.ie/publications/learning-as-you-scale>
- Funding and capacity building needed to scale innovations in and across countries



What supports scaling

- Identify and enable champions to drive the change
- Criteria-dependent, ring-fenced funding along with monitoring can be used as leverage
- Build strong mechanisms for the capacities and voices of service users
- Create a learning environment that supports reflection and adaptation - e.g., Action Research, Communities of Practice, etc.
- Capacity building - supports staff to think and work differently
- Sustain reform and maintain momentum for change - sharing “success stories”



Learnings from Ireland and EU

- Having time, funding and resources to develop scaling plans
- Stakeholder engagement - identifying relevant stakeholders and forming partnerships
- Involvement of the end beneficiaries in the design process can help shift deeply ingrained beliefs and help increase acceptance of a new approach
- The central role EU can play in supporting MS that are scaling the same innovative models
- Strategically placing Philanthropic resources to help catalyse scaling of proven innovations can be extremely impactful
- Blending sources of finance, e.g., social impact finance, philanthropic, public, or combination





THANK YOU

Contact:

grainne.smith@genio.ie

www.genio.ie

info@genio.ie



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03

Tools for fostering ecosystems

Working Group

**Anna Tengvist, Coordinator
Forum for Social Innovation Sweden**

Workshop: Best practices for supporting social innovation



20th October, 2022

Anna Tengqvist

Gloria-Karin López



Why this workshop



The objective of this workshop is to present and discuss best practices for supporting all elements of social innovation processes.

Agenda

- Introduction and round of presentations
- Film on support to social innovation in all phases of the social innovation process
- Key findings and recommendations on support to social innovation
- World Café – session on support of social innovation
- Presentations from tables
- Summary and close

Recommendations

- Make better use of existing knowledge and approaches to support social innovation
- Ensure support to all elements of the social innovation process, not only ideation but also preparation, realization and impact
- Help realize and scale initiatives on the micro, meso and macro levels
- Strengthen the ecosystems that enable social innovation by establishing and managing local and regional platforms for cross-sectoral co-creation
- Create a coordinating function for support to social innovation on national and regional levels



Recommendations

- Integrate social innovation support practices into regular systems and established institutions, e.g. through cross-sectoral co-creation and community involvement
- Ensure public and private funding of social innovation in all elements and levels of the process
- Improve public policy to better acknowledge and support social innovation
- Support further knowledge development on how social innovation can be supported in practice

Questions – World Café

1. How would you **ensure cross-sectoral cooperation** in a project aiming to support women with immigrant backgrounds to move closer to the labour market?
2. How would you ensure **the involvement of the people affected** by the societal challenge in a municipality project focusing on getting more young people into work?
3. Who (and how) would you work together with, in order to **scale** a project that has developed a (local) successful method to support long term unemployed in moving closer to the labour market?
4. What would you include in a **training** for staff in an organisation that wants to start working with **social innovation**?
5. Based on the presentation on support to social innovation processes – what are things you already do, and what would you like to strengthen in your own work?

World Café – how we do it

1. One question per table – twelve minutes of discussions
2. Move to a new table – not with the same group – new participants at each table
3. Four rounds of questions
4. One facilitator at each table – introduces you to the question
5. Everyone can write and draw on the “tablecloth” (flip chart paper)
6. Take the opportunity to think freely and in new ways

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04

Mapping SI Ecosystems

**Inga Kalnina (Latvia), Alexis Bouges (France),
Stefan Meyer (Spain), Anna Tengqvist (Sweden)**

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Mapping of ecosystems of Social Innovation

BuiCaSuS Mid-term Conference

25 October, 2022



**Funded by
the European Union**

This publication has received financial support from the European Union.

The information contained in this publication does not necessarily reflect the official position of the European Commission.

BuiCaSuS

A transnational learning platform



Sabiedrības integrācijas
fonds



INKLUDERA



<https://ec.europa.eu/european-social-fund-plus/en/competence-centres-social-innovation>



BuiCaSuS factsheet 2021 - Member States: France, Latvia, Spain, Sweden
English (242.65 KB - PDF)



ESIA factsheet 2021- Member States: Denmark, Estonia, Germany, Poland, UK
English (270.63 KB - PDF)



Fuse factsheet 2021 - Member States: Bulgaria, Cyprus, Ireland, Portugal
English (301.67 KB - PDF)



PEnCIL factsheet 2021 - Member States: Belgium, Czechia, Finland, Lithuania
English (232.18 KB - PDF)



SEED factsheet 2021 - Member States: Greece, Italy, Romania, Slovenia
English (263.07 KB - PDF)

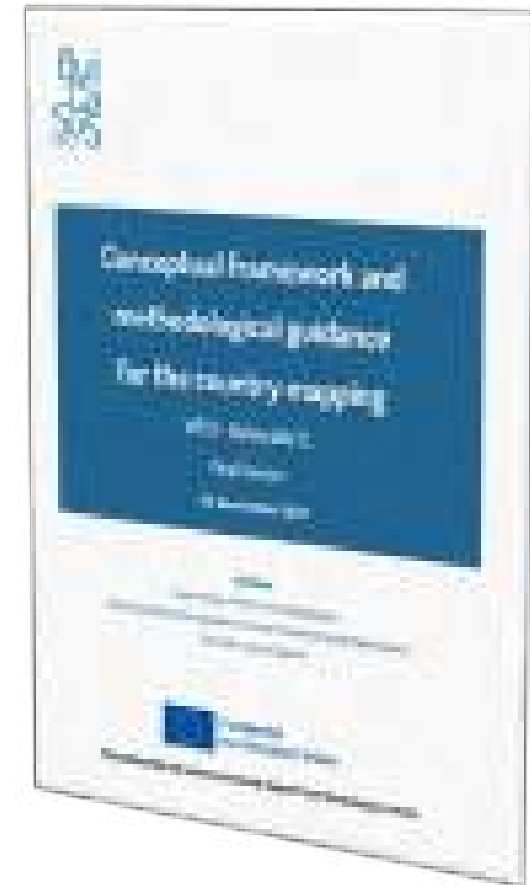
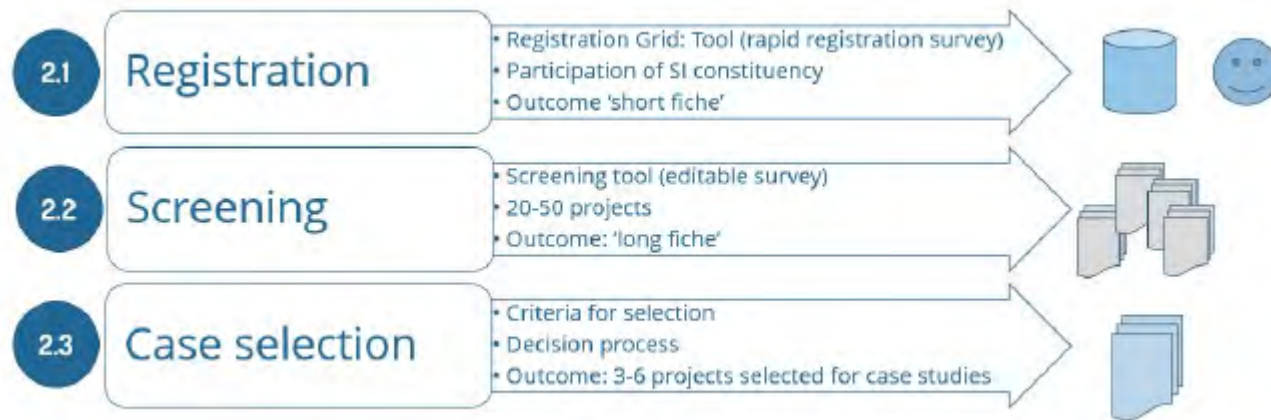
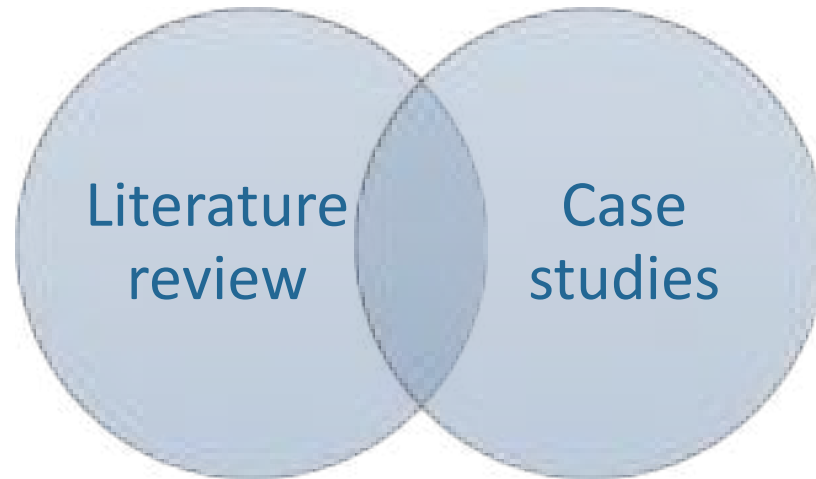


SI Plus factsheet 2021 - Member States: Austria, Bulgaria, Hungary, Slovakia
English (229.86 KB - PDF)

Research question

¿What are the factors that foster (enabling conditions) or impede (bottlenecks/barriers) mature social innovation initiatives to be upscaled and/or transformed into public policies in the sector of social services?

Methodology



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Mid-term conference – Session 7

PowerPoint Slides for **France**

25 October, 2022

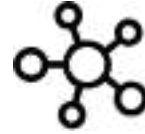


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Favourable conditions of the French SI ecosystem



Legal & political recognition



Rich & structured support ecosystem



Various financing possibilities



National Resource centre for social impact evaluation



Upscaling programs



Existing CCSI

Challenges of the French SI ecosystem



Legal & political recognition

- Long-term support programs
- More support to SI in public policies



Various financing possibilities

- Funding the experimental phase
- Raising awareness among traditional bankers, investors, public institutions



Upscaling programs

- Ambitious, permanent offering of guidance & support for projects on a national scale
- Entering the common law



Rich & structured support ecosystem

- Clarity & visibility
- Funding this (free of charge) support



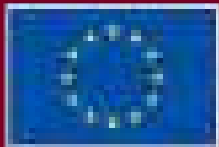
National Resource centre for social impact evaluation

- More guidance, support, financing of the evaluation process



Existing CCSI

- A role that can be reinforced, at national and European scales



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Sabiedrības integrācijas
fonds

Mapping social innovation ecosystem in Latvia

Inga Kalnina,
Society Integration Foundation

Social innovation ecosystem – main barriers



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no clear definition of SI
-> **insufficient
understanding and
political support**
-> unclear conditions for
SI development etc.

**no specific, targeted, and
continuous programmes**

**designed to foster
SI development processes**

often public sector
is addressing SI
within the limits
**of its capacity,
available information,
and available staff**

**lack of
sustainable funding**

**mismatches between the
requirements
and actual approach to
social services,
especially in the context of
DI and CBSS**

**-> SI initiatives stop
in the development process**

Social innovation ecosystem drivers



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- SI can be supported more effectively if support is organised and sustainable
- A need for one coordinating institution like National CCSI
- providing all kind of targeted and sustainable support to SI **through all process of SI development** and thus helping SI to be upscaled/merged

Thank you for attention!

www.sif.gov.lv

@SIFlv Twitter and Facebook



Sabiedrības integrācijas
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Social Innovation Ecosystem in Spain

BuiCaSuS Mid-term Conference

Stefan Meyer – fresnoconsulting.es

25 October, 2022

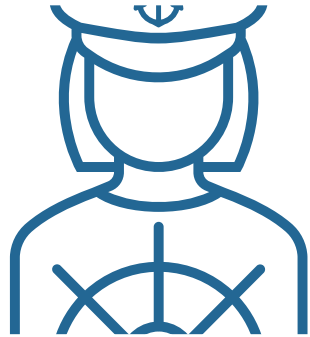


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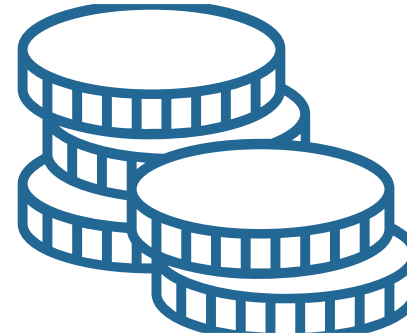
The ecosystem



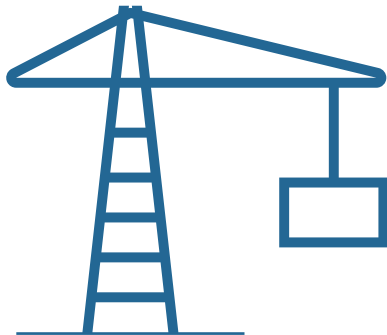
Legislation and public policies



Social Innovation in the regions and the municipalities



Financing



Social Innovation in the *Recovery and Resilience Facility*



Support structures



Research. Evidence, evaluation

Cases



Observations

Awareness on
social innovation

Recognition of
complex
challenges:
Framing

Trust, listening,
ownership

Open process vs.
planning attitude

Open Source:
Sharing attitude

Prototyping and
prove of concept

New professional
profiles:
Community broker

Prudent
leadership

Micro-territoriality
and local
government

Digitalization

Evidence and
social impact

Beyond
"the social"



SWEDEN

Ecosystem for social innovation

Key findings

25 October, 2022



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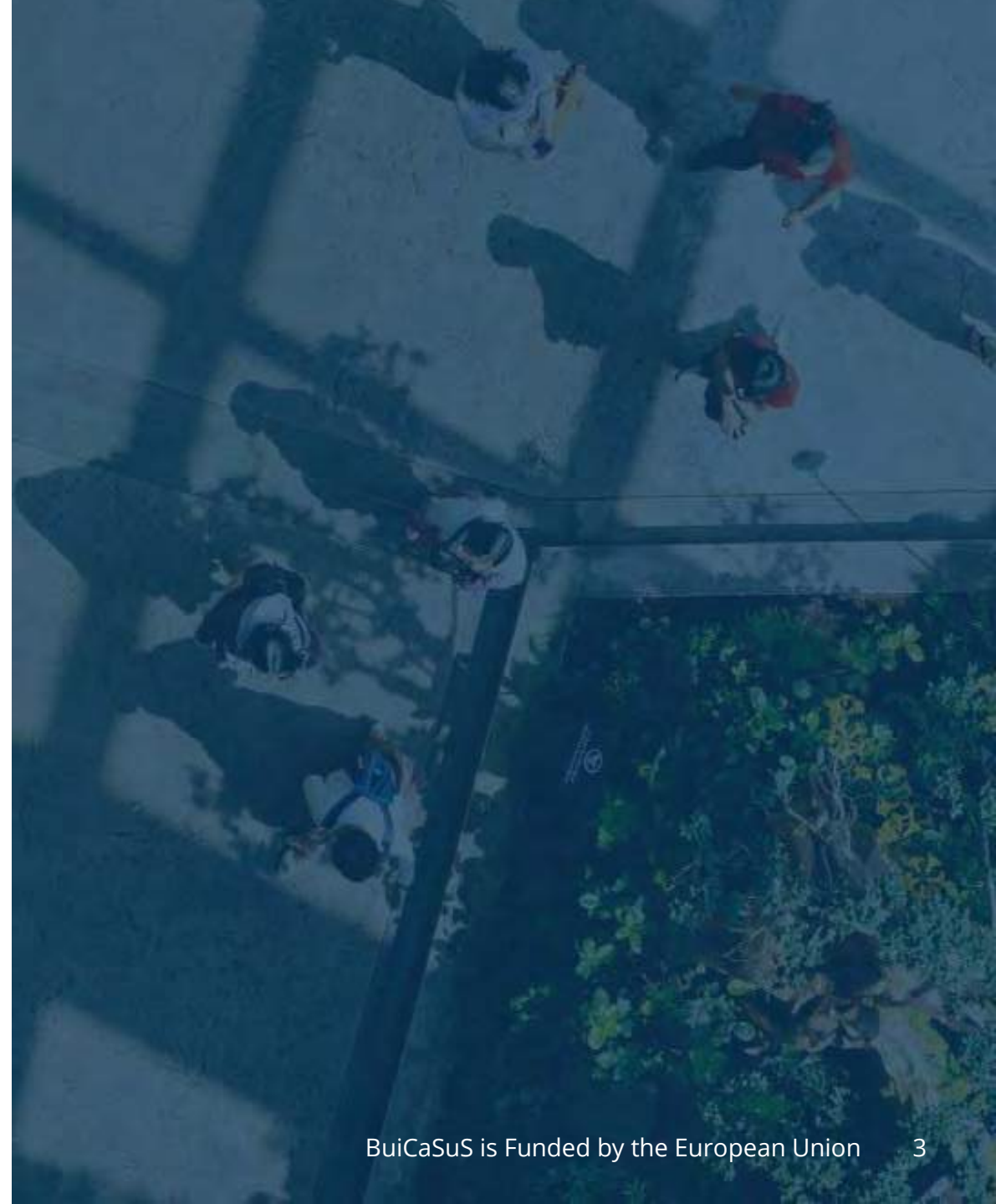
Strengths

- Good preconditions - engaged actors many initiatives, many changemakers
- The Swedish Government's strategy – a starting point (2018-2020)
- A widespread commitment in many sectors on the sustainability goals of the 2030 Agenda
- Good examples of support to social innovation among funders, intermediaries, ecosystem at large
- Good examples of platforms and networks for social innovation nationally, regionally locally
- The ESF+ focus on social innovation

Needs

- Clearer political leadership to steer toward social innovation, including funding
- Stronger national, local and regional platforms to coordinate cross-sectoral collaboration
- Clarify ecosystems for ESF+, funded projects
- Connect with expertise of experienced ecosystem actors
- Integrate social innovation in day-to-day activities of key actors in the larger innovation system
- Expand the role of academia and research in social innovation
- Use and design tools to support parts of social innovation processes on national, regional and local levels
- Ensure participation and influence for target groups

25/10/2022



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05

Evaluating Social innovation

**Gorka Espiau – Managing Director
Agirre Lehendakaria Centre
for Social and Political Studies**



AGIRRE LEHENDAKARIA CENTER
for Social and Political Studies

An abstract graphic composed of several overlapping geometric shapes: a large white circle, a white triangle, a white square, and a white rectangle. These shapes are layered on top of each other, creating a complex, multi-colored composition. The colors of the shapes correspond to the ALP logo: the circle is red, the triangle is red, the square is blue, and the rectangle is red.

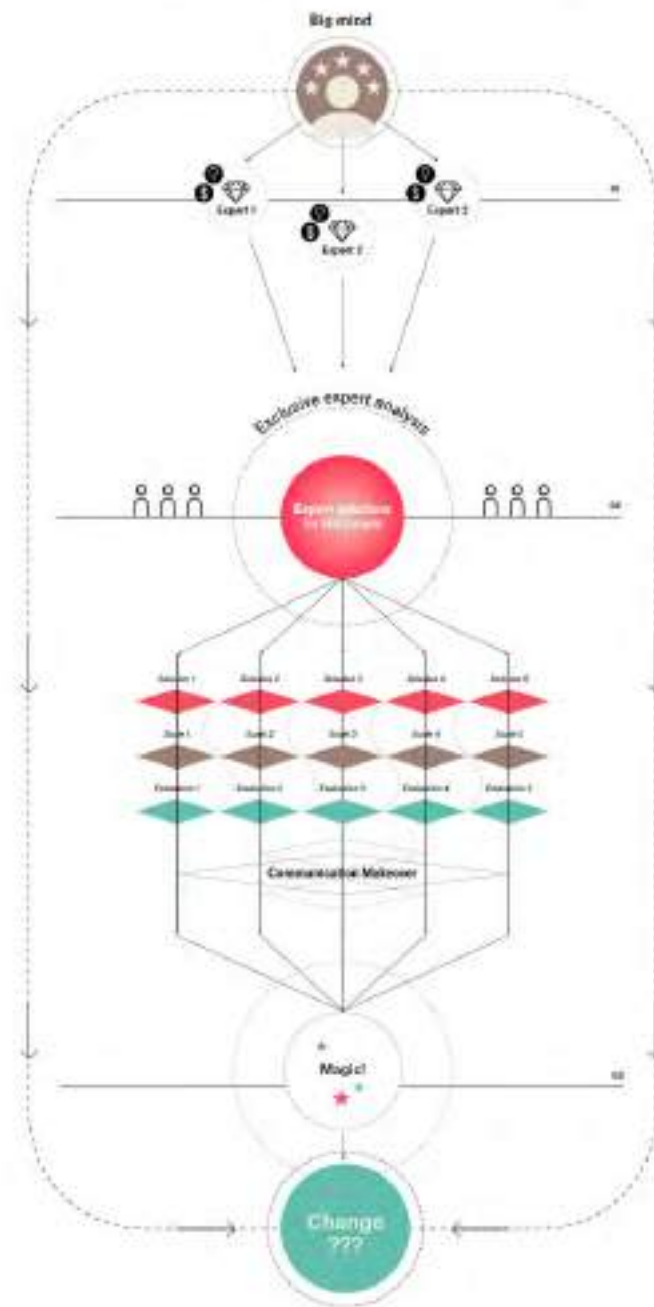
Laboratorio de Innovación Social

Los nuevos modelo de evaluación requieren un enfoque evolutivo para adaptarse a entornos cambiantes. Estos nuevos enfoques de evaluación construyen procesos iterativos de recopilación de información, análisis conjunto, diálogo y reflexión que permiten evaluar la eficacia del conjunto de la carteras de iniciativas. Deben poder proporcionar información en tiempo real que puedan servir para anticiparse y adaptar los programas a estas condiciones cambiantes.

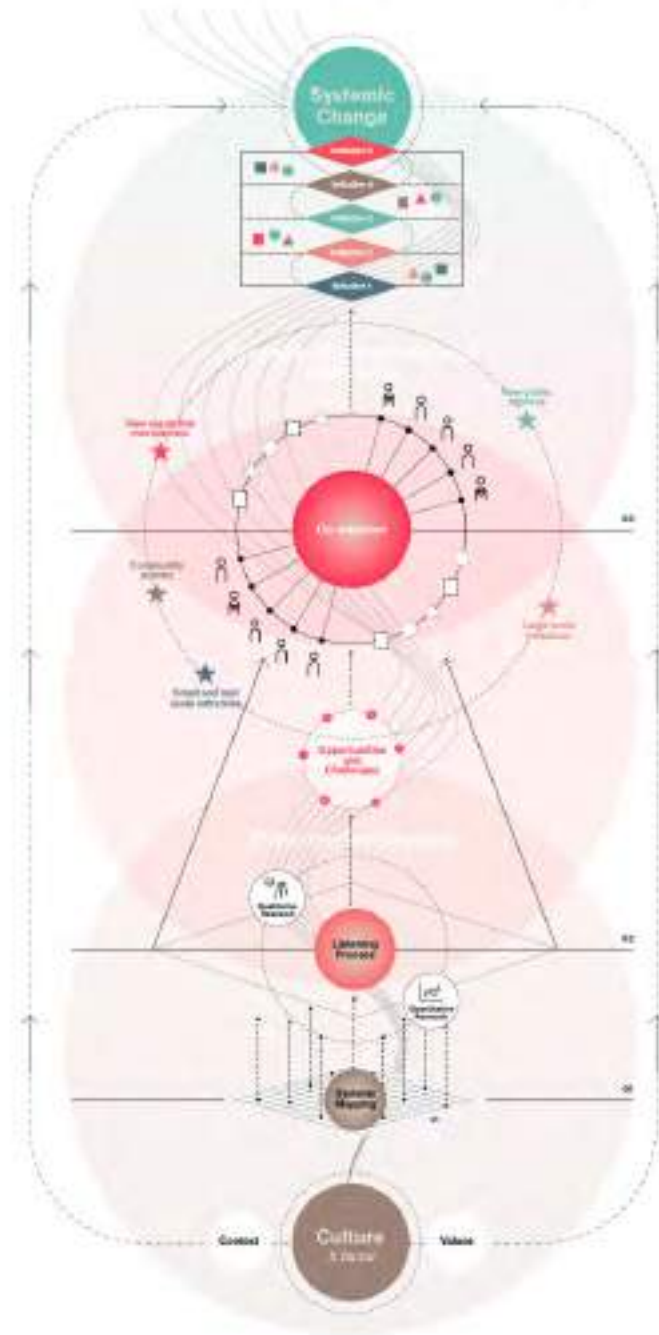
A diferencia del enfoque de desarrollo más tradicional, que utiliza el marco lógico para llevar a cabo actividades prescritas que respondan a objetivos concretos y preestablecidos, los nuevos enfoques de evaluación complementan estas herramientas con nuevos procesos e indicadores:

- ¿Cuál es el cambio más significativo que está produciendo nuestra intervención?
- ¿Cómo podemos visualizar el conjunto de actores e iniciativas que están condicionando nuestro impacto?
- ¿Qué conocimientos, información y recursos están disponibles a nivel local y que pueden conectarse con nuestras iniciativas?
- ¿Qué está funcionando y por qué?
- ¿Qué no funciona y por qué?
- ¿Cómo están cambiando las relaciones y las estructuras a lo largo del tiempo como resultado de nuestra intervención?
- ¿Qué cambios involuntarios se están produciendo?
- A nivel macro, ¿qué se puede aprender de los cambios en las intervenciones/programas?

TRADITIONAL INNOVATION APPROACH



OPEN INNOVATION PLATFORM APPROACH



Cada vez hay más investigaciones que demuestran que los enfoques evolutivos son especialmente adecuados para informar y medir las iniciativas de cambio social en los siguientes aspectos:

- Adaptación de un programa existente a condiciones cambiantes
- Adaptación de un programa basado en principios generales para un contexto concreto
- Adaptación de un programa para responder rápidamente en una crisis
- Incorporar un enfoque sistémico.

Entre las técnicas y herramientas que pueden utilizarse para sintetizar esta información, destacan las siguientes:

- Narrativas de los cambios más significativos.
- Matriz de barreras y facilitadores para el cambio o impacto.
- Matriz de retos y oportunidades.
- Herramienta digital de visualización del sistema.

Nuevas tendencias de evaluación



EVALUACIÓN TRADICIONAL	EVALUACIÓN EVOLUTIVA
Objetivos: Apoyar la mejora incremental y la medición	Apoyar el proceso de innovación y adaptación a entornos dinámicos
Roles y responsabilidades: los evaluadores son externos al programa para asegurar su independencia y objetividad	Funciona como un grupo interno, integrado en el proceso de implementación y testando nuevas soluciones en tiempo real
Medición: Se centra en unos criterios explícitos y pre-establecidos	Centrado en valores del programa, comprometido con el impacto a largo plazo
Opciones: dominan los criterios de calidad	Variedad de opciones en función de la evolución del programa
Resultados: Informes formales, y casos de buenas prácticas	Feedback en tiempo real, centrado en el proceso de aprendizaje
Complejidad: el evaluador trata de controlar el proceso de evaluación	Capacidad de respuesta inmediata, sin control total sobre el proceso
Criterios fundamentales: rigor, independencia, credibilidad con agentes externos y análisis crítico	Adaptabilidad, mentalidad de sistema complejo, ambigüedad, apertura y agilidad, trabajo en equipo



ÁNGEL

“Hace falta expertos en economía y en proyectos industriales, no políticos. Tenemos que posicionar las cuencas como un referente innovación y tecnología, e invertir en formación.”

Edad_ 48

Ocupación_ Gestor PYME industrial

Es de_ Langreo | Vive en_ Gijón

Trabaja en_ Avilés



RETOS

- ▲ **Talento.** Fuga de talento en las cuencas. falta de opciones.
- ▲ **Mentalidad.** “Hay mucho pesimismo en las cuencas para todo.”
- ▲ **Falta de formación.** Hace falta formación. “El campus de Mieres también está desaprovechado”.
- ▲ **Falta de profesionales.** Falta de profesionales, soldadores, caldereros. Se echa de menos gente formada.



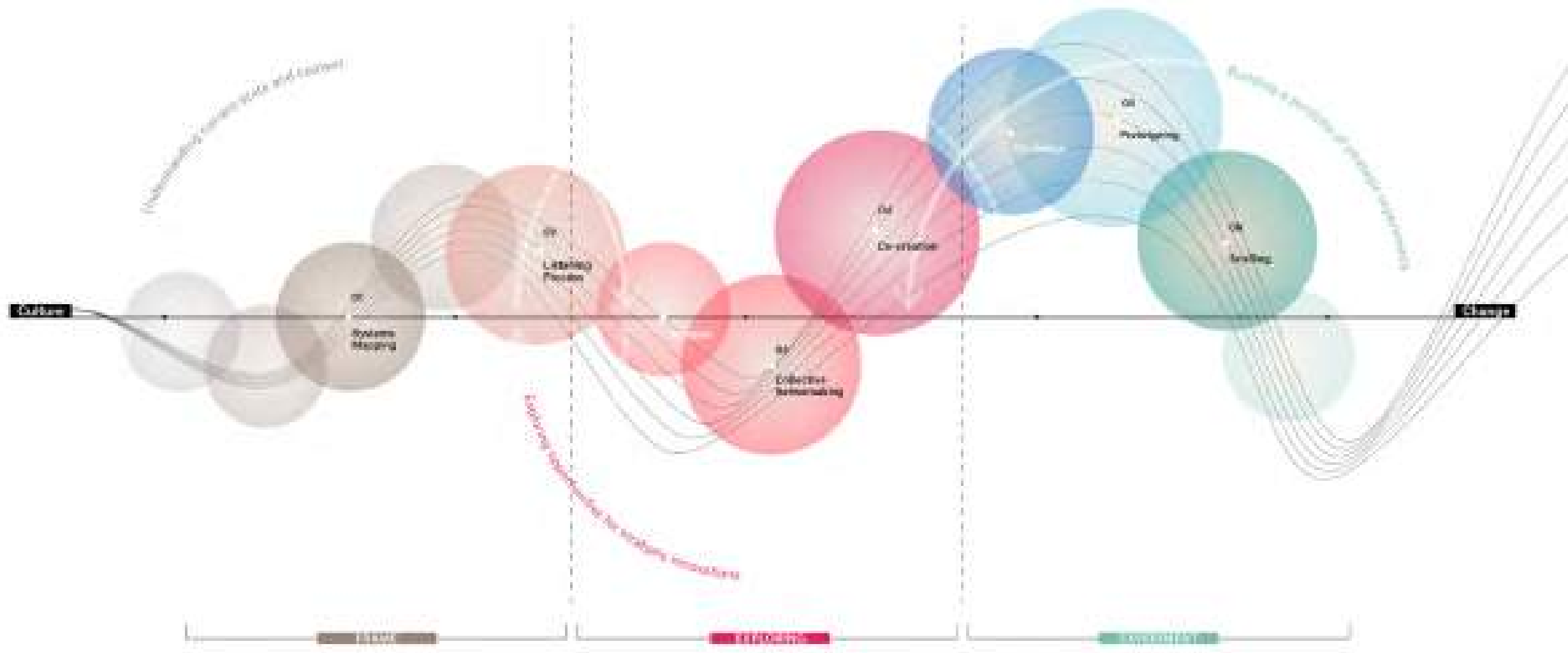
OPORTUNIDADES

- **Emplazamiento.** Ventajas del emplazamiento en Lada, posicionamiento geográfico.
- **Innovación.** Reaprovechamiento de estructuras de empresas. “Se podría ver si alguna estructura de la central se puede aprovechar”.
- **Nuevos emplazamientos de energía.**
- **Desarrollo de servicios auxiliares para pymes.**
- **Internacionalización.**

Estos nuevos enfoque deben considerar cuidadosamente los recursos disponibles, el compromiso de las partes interesadas y la capacidad y habilidad para participar en procesos más emergentes y menos lineales.

- ¿Están los responsables del proyecto y el equipo de desarrollo abiertos a un proceso de desarrollo iterativo, utilizando los datos de la evaluación para aprender y adaptar la iniciativa según sea necesario?
- ¿Las partes clave han establecido, o confían en poder establecer, una relación sólida y de confianza?
- ¿El evaluador se siente cómodo proporcionando datos en tiempo real y está dispuesto a cambiar los métodos de evaluación en respuesta a los problemas que surjan?
- ¿Tiene el evaluador un conocimiento profundo de los problemas que se van a tratar, de los intereses de las principales partes interesadas y de cómo interactúan los diferentes elementos del sistema?
- ¿Han considerado las partes hasta qué punto se requieren conocimientos específicos del tema?
- ¿Se han considerado y acordado las funciones y responsabilidades del evaluador del desarrollo?

Theory of change



Implicaciones operativas

- **Generar espacios internos de reflexión.** Este tipo de evaluación requiere una reflexión conjunta con las comunidades beneficiarias. El valor del enfoque es que sea un equipo mixto (interno y externo) el que genere el conocimiento, no que personas ajenas extraigan ese conocimiento y reflexionen fuera del equipo.
- **Herramientas para integrar la recogida de información en las rutinas diarias.** Los diseñadores y ejecutores estarán ocupados con las actividades del día a día, por lo que tendrán que generar herramientas de recogida de información que se integren en su actividad y su contexto.
- **Confianza para dar un feedback crítico, constructivo y honesto.** Para que este tipo de reflexión aporte valor, es necesario generar confianza y permitir los errores.
- **Poder en el equipo de evaluación** para ejecutar los cambios estratégicos necesarios. El equipo aprenderá lo que ha funcionado y lo que no. A partir de ahí, el equipo formulará una hipótesis sobre cómo escalar lo que se está haciendo para obtener el impacto deseado. El valor reside en identificar, reflexionar y aplicar estos cambios en tiempo real, para lo cual el equipo debe tener el poder de activar los cambios identificados.
- **Equilibrio** entre ser ágil para activar los cambios y esperar el tiempo suficiente para comprender el impacto de los cambios implementados.

Sant Lluís Portfolio Multicapa



IDEAS

Relaciones comunitarias

- 1 Consejo de Jóvenes Embajadores P. Pastor
- 2 Escuela de música: actuar en la calle

Pequeña y mediana escala

- 1 Sistemas de venta de productos del mercado y domicilio
- 4 Mercados de productores todo el año
- 6 Obrador compartido para emprendedores
- 8 Ofrecer y fomentar el producto local en los hoteles
- 10 Iniciativa para oferta de hoteles de interior con alimentos sostenible
- 8 Oferta de música juvenil

Gran escala

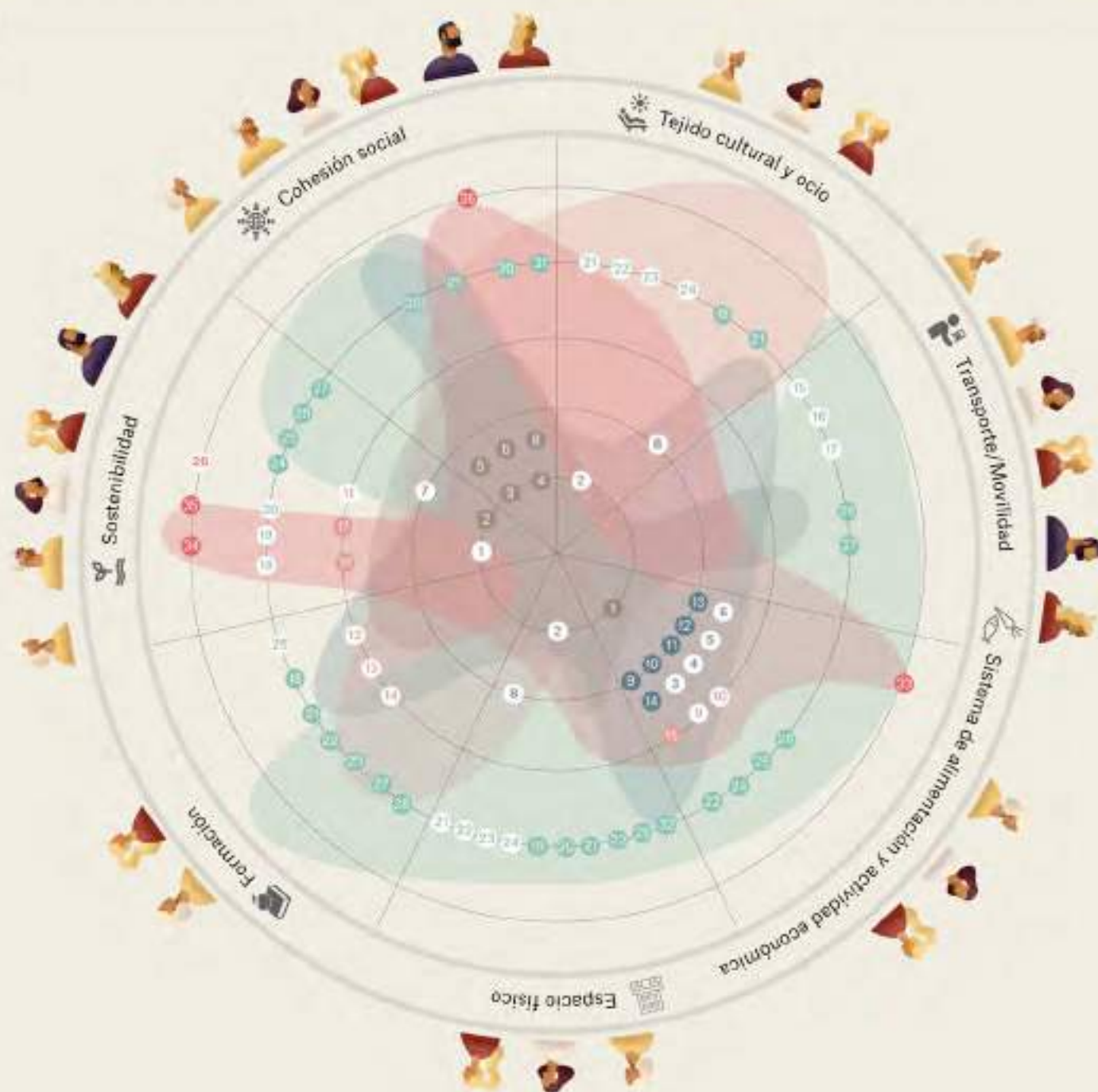
- 1 Denominaciones de origen
- 10 Ofrecer y fomentar el producto local en los hoteles
- 10 Zonas de habilitación para el reciclaje de restaurantes
- 11 CAPS: Comunidades de Aprendizaje dirigidas a la Práctico - Escuela de Sostenencia
- 11 Taller para construcción de pared seca típica minoritaria
- 14 Formación gastronómica para jóvenes

Servicios

- 10 Sistemas de transporte alternativo
- 10 Proyecto movilidad compartida: bici y eléctrica
- 11 Peatonalización del casco urbano
- 10 El Cas como comedor verde
- 11 Sistema de retorno de envases en grandes superficies de consumo
- 10 Plan de acción para introducir el turismo en la industria del patrimonio en el entorno
- 11 Espacio para encuentros sectoriales
- 11 Espacio para asociaciones sociales
- 11 Espacio para memoria
- 11 Espacio para el emprendimiento
- 11 Taller de gestión sobre sostenibilidad turística y RISE

Regulación

- 10 El Cas como comedor verde



RED DE INICIATIVAS EXISTENTES

Relaciones comunitarias

- 1 Huertas sociales
- 2 Agencia local 21
- 3 Consejo de participación infantil
- 4 Círculos locales de teatro
- 5 Tradiciones populares
- 6 Fiestas locales
- 7 Asociaciones
- 8 Iglesia anglicana

Pequeña y mediana escala

- 1 Coworking (propuesta, Arto)
- 2 Plataforma Comercio Local
- 3 Fim P3a
- 4 Hoteles entre núcleo y costa
- 5 Bodegas Divinfect (entre núcleo y costa)
- 6 Santo Domingo

Gran escala

- 1 Grup Leader, Mercora al Plat
- 2 Energía fotovoltaica - parking de más de 1000m2
- 3 Comunidad energética polígono industrial

Servicios

- 1 Programación cultural Sala Carnus
- 2 Salas deportivas Sala Carnus
- 3 Centros Cultural y Deportivo San Lluís
- 4 Molí del flux, casal de jóvenes
- 5 Compt amb jo
- 6 Biblioteca Pública
- 7 Talleres de justicia alimentaria
- 8 Huertas escolares
- 9 Carril bici y peatonal costa
- 10 Formación SOIB
- 11 Escuela de adultos
- 12 Club del Jubilado
- 13 Servicios Sociales de acogida (costal)
- 14 Iglesia - Desarrollo Plan de Igualdad y Prevención de Violencia
- 15 Pírcan Sant Lluís

Regulación

- 1 Presupuesto participativo
- 2 El cas peatonal
- 3 Consumo energético compartido
- 4 Plan de infancia



AGIRRE LEHENDAKARIA CENTER
for Social and Political Studies

Laboratorio de Innovación Social

Bui
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06

Financing Social Innovation

Facilitator: Mickaël Barth, Avise France
Elisa Famery, Treasury, Government of France
Ylva Lundkvist Fridh, Mikrofonden, Sweden
Gráinne Smith, Genio, Ireland
Javier Castro, Gizalab, Government of the Basque Country

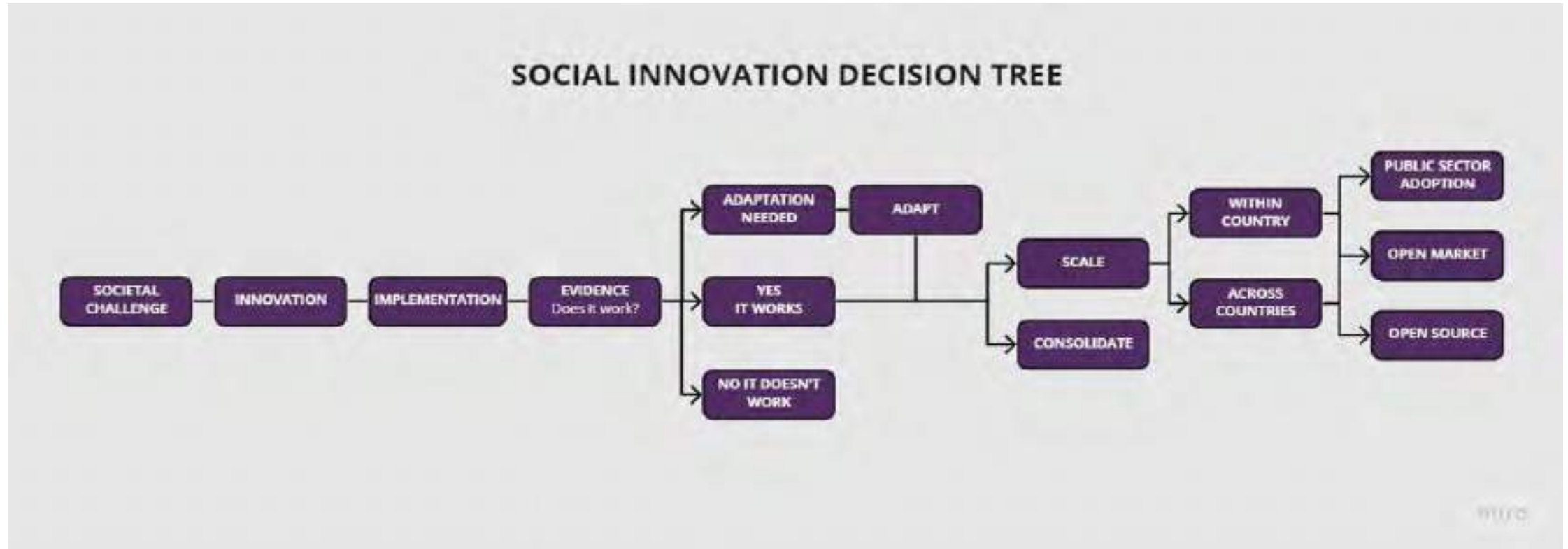


BuiCaSuS - Mid-Term Conference

Financing Social Innovation

20th/21st October 2022

Q1 : How to finance Social innovation



Ref: Validating Social Innovations for Scaling (Genio, 2022)

Q2 : Good practices for and key conditions to finance SI

- Offering allocated funding competitively to support the best innovations
- Having clear published criteria against which application for funding can be measured
- Defining eligibility
- Being clear about what is meant about evidence of success
- Knowing how to judge when an innovation is ready for type of funding being offered
- Providing non-financial and financial support is good practice



Q3 : Obstacles to finance SI and reflections on the topic

- Commercial investors often not convinced of the possibility to make profit as well as impact
- On the public side – public funding generally already committed and under pressure
- Social innovation needs to be harnessed in the service of achieving national and European priorities





THANK YOU

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Genio - Scaling social innovations to
solve complex problems



Financing Social Innovation Ecosystem

Javier Castro-Spila

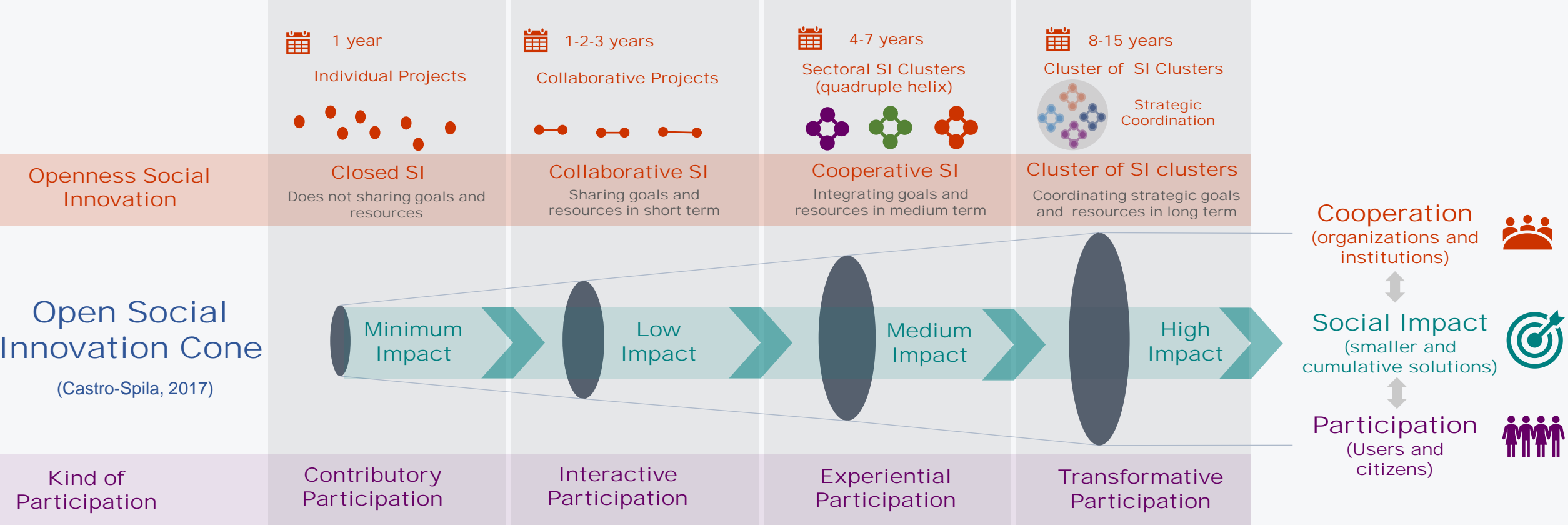
GIZALAB (Innovation Centre for Social Policies)

Basque Country - Spain

1. How to finance Social Innovation: what solution are you proposing to address what need?

TOWARDS SOCIAL INNOVATION ECOSYSTEM

Moving from short term Project-oriented to long term clusterization support



1. How to finance Social Innovation: what solution are you proposing to address what need?

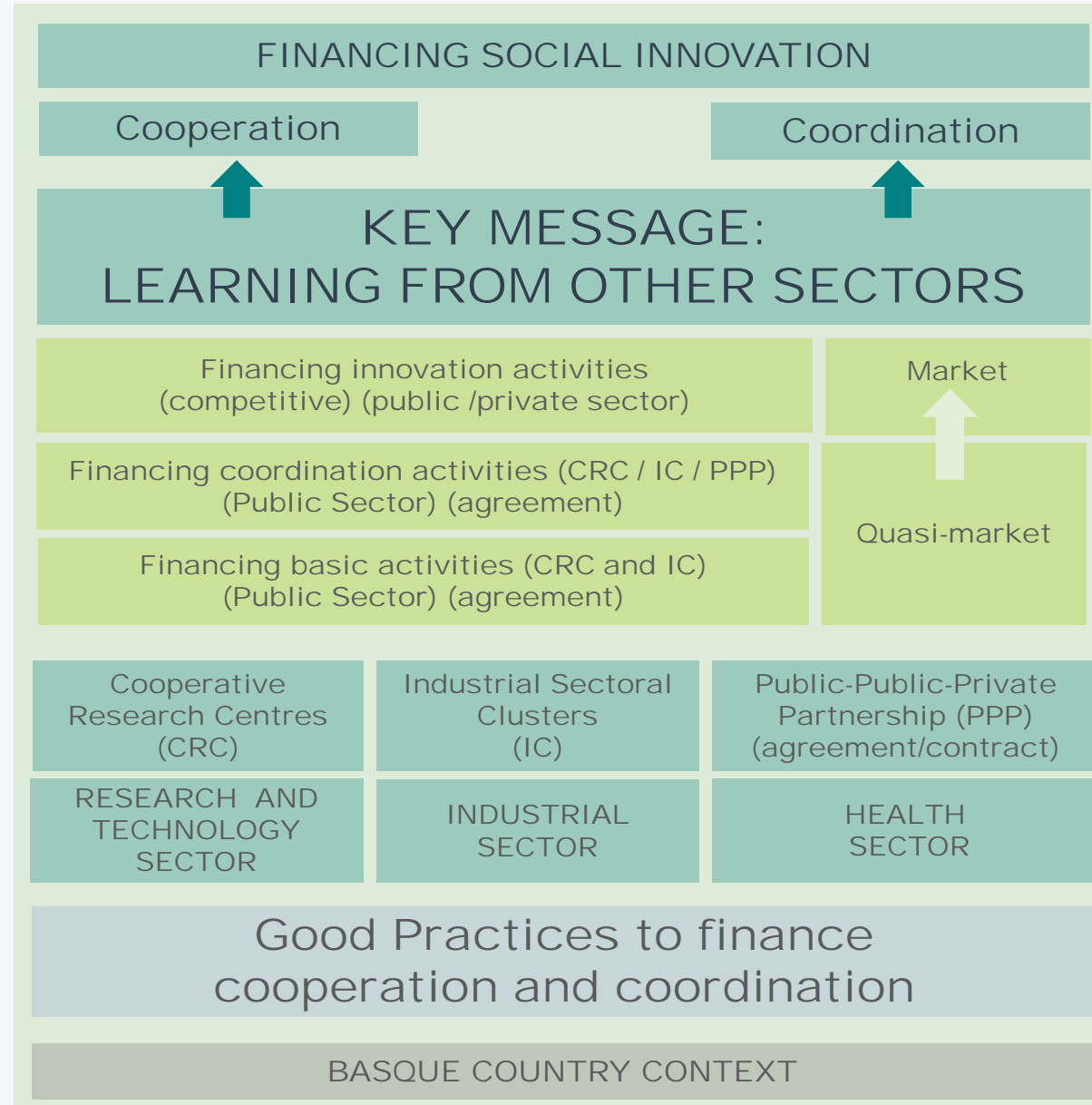
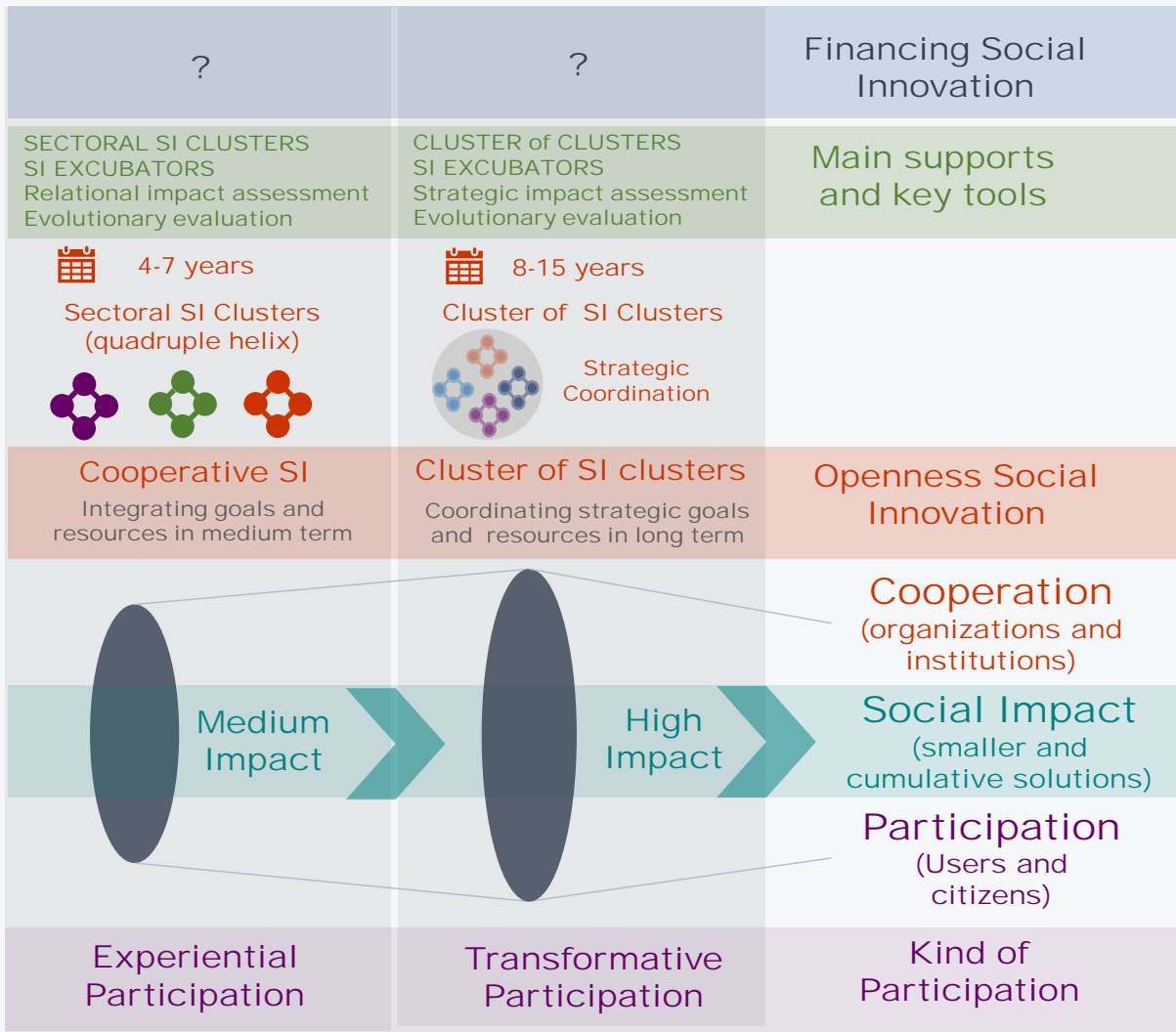


	From Fragmentation and Collaboration		To Cooperation and Coordination	
Financing Social Innovation	SI Investors (private sector) SI Projects (public sector) SI Projects (Crowdf. /Philant.)	SI Projects (private sector) SI Projects (public sector) SI Pilot Programs (public sector) SI Projects (Crowdf. /Philant.)	?	?
Main supports and key tools	Project Management Ex post evaluation Social impact assessment	SI LABs and HUBS SI INCUBATORS Experimental assessment Social impact assessment	SECTORAL SI CLUSTERS SI EXCUBATORS Relational impact assessment Evolutionary evaluation	CLUSTER of CLUSTERS SI EXCUBATORS Strategic impact assessment Evolutionary evaluation
	📅 1 year Individual Projects 	📅 1-2-3 years Collaborative Projects 	📅 4-7 years Sectoral SI Clusters (quadruple helix) 	📅 8-15 years Cluster of SI Clusters Strategic Coordination
Openness Social Innovation	Closed SI Does not sharing goals and resources	Collaborative SI Sharing goals and resources in short term	Cooperative SI Integrating goals and resources in medium term	Cluster of SI clusters Coordinating strategic goals and resources in long term
Open Social Innovation Cone (Castro-Spila, 2017)				
Kind of Participation	Contributory Participation	Interactive Participation	Experiential Participation	Transformative Participation



2. Good practices for and key conditions to finance SI : what advice to share?

Cooperation and Coordination



3. Obstacles to finance SI and your reflexion on the topic: what needs to change?

LEARNING FROM EXPERIENCE

LEGAL FRAMEWORK ISSUES

We need to adapt the legal and financial tools that already exist in the innovation system

It is easier to adopt/adapt than to create new financial tools

ADAPT

COMPLEX SI MODEL

We need a social innovation model that is easy to understand in order to convince private investors and policy makers to invest in social innovation

When something is understood it is easier to support it

CLARIFY

LACK OF EVALUATION

We need a clear evaluation model that demonstrates (for different audiences) the social impact of social innovations

When something works it is easier to finance it

DEMONSTRATE

Microfund Sweden

Ylva Lundkvist Fridh



MIKRO
FONDEN

Main barriers for Swedish SEs:

1. Financing
2. Financing
3. Financing



MIKRO
FONDEN

88 %



Sweden's only micro investment scheme for the social economy

Track record: 1,9 m. eur. in 130 social enterprises in 11 years





Social Enterprise criteria (EU):

- ✦ **Social goals** (focus on impact)
- ✦ **Democratic values** and governance
- ✦ **Independent** from public sector
- ✦ **Re-invest** most of their profits!

Our additional criteria:

- Contribute to the SDGs
- Can repay



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We solve a problem!

- ★ Social enterprises have little to no access to the financial market in Sweden
- ★ We are complementary to other startup finance schemes, who exclude cooperatives/ associations/ not-for profit enterprises.

- ★ **We offer:**
 - ★ financial coaching (investment readiness)
 - ★ guarantees (surety)
 - ★ cooperative equity (subordinated shares, investing membership, etc)



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Microfund organisation chart

Founders (members):

COMPANION
KOOPERATIV UTVECKLING

Ekobanken
ekologiskt - socialt - kulturellt



Members:

Fremia

Kommunal.



Regional microfunds (members):

Väst, Uppsala
Halland, Östergötland
Öst. Mälardalen, Z



Owners
Decision-making



Registered
Supervision



MIKRO FONDEN
Social ekonomi
och lokal utveckling

Assesment, due-diligence
Common routines
Co-investing

Membership
Contact

Investing





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COMPUTER SAYS NO!

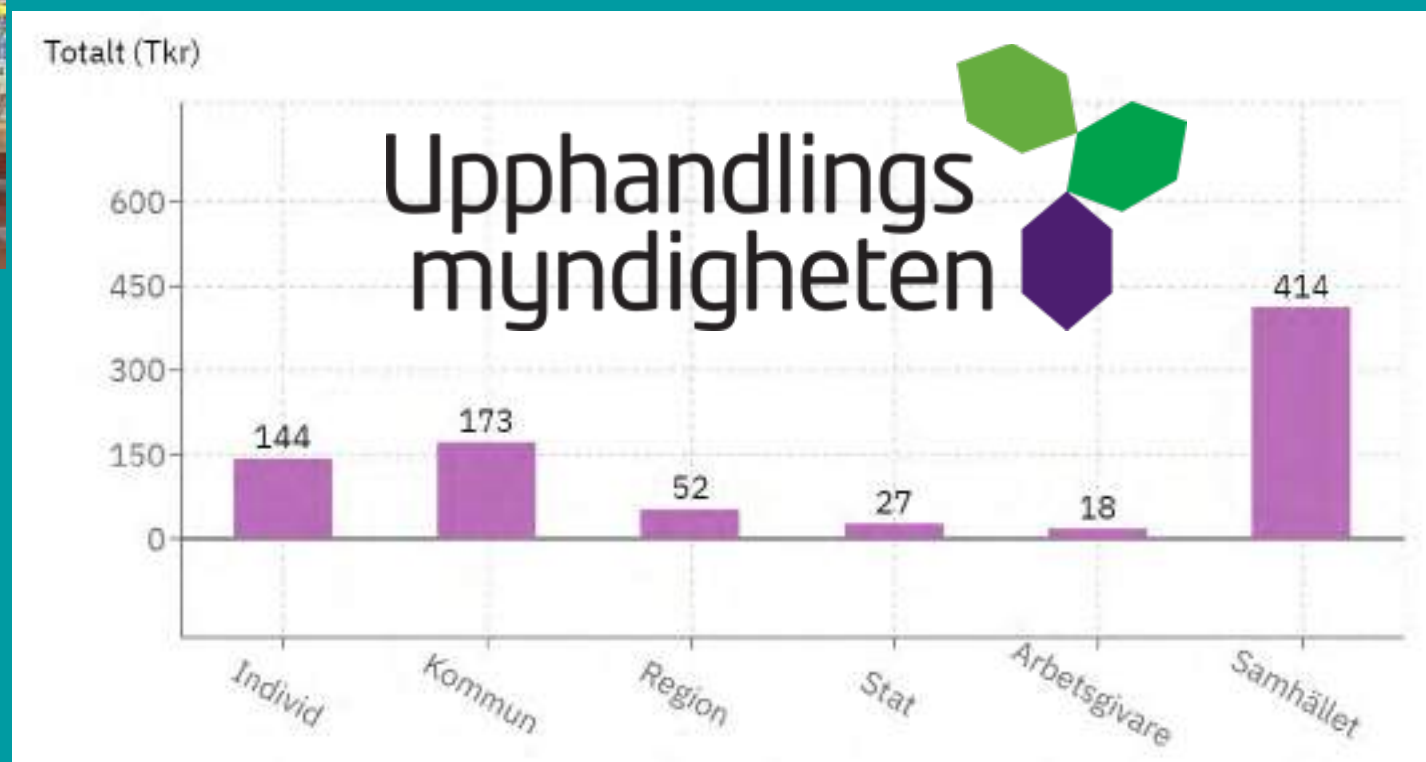


MIKRO
FONDEN

The Procurement Authority's Socio-economic Calculator



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FONDEN



Example:

Public Private Partnership with Gothenburg Business Region



- Since start 2008:
 - 5 000 000 SEK 0% interest subordinated loan (used for guarantees and quasi-equity) from GBR.
 - Operation cost grant (40% of full time fund manager) to support the financing of social economy entities in the region, from RVG.
 - Has been renewed every fifth year after external evaluation
 - Resulted in financial inclusion for 82 impact focused organizations.



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SE
SVERIGE



MIKRO
FONDEN



The Future Agenda for SE

1. Support development of social finance instruments
2. Implement the Social Economy Action Plan
3. Invest in social investment funds
4. Change criterias for public risk capital and project grants



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**Can we create an inclusive
social finance market
together?**



**MIKRO
FONDEN**

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- info@mikrofonden.se
- Linked-in: Ylva Lundkvist Fridh



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07

A Competence Centre in Practice

Vera Egreja Barracho
Portuguese Inovação Social



Portugal INOVACÃO SOCIAL

Learning Journey | Think Different!

Cofinanciado por:



PREPARATORY WORK (2013)

GRUPO DE TRABALHO PORTUGUÊS PARA O INVESTIMENTO SOCIAL

Home Partners Timeline Final Report Recommendations Methodology Knowledge

METHODOLOGY

21 Members Representatives of influential institutions in the country from the public, private and social sectors	3 Research Notes On relevant topics, including a glossary and a guide with the fundamentals of social investment	5 Plenary Sessions Members gathered to discuss a national strategy to catalyse the emerging social investment market	3 Sub-groups In which small groups of members have thoroughly discussed priority topics for social investment
12 One-to-One Meetings The support team met with taskforce members to collect their views on the group's work and feedback on the first draft of the final report	4 Focus Groups Gathering different profiles of potential social investment market players to discuss the feasibility of the final recommendations	1 Final Report Which represents a blueprint for Portugal's emerging social investment market, consolidating the Taskforce's work	5 Recommendations Made by Taskforce members, addressing the different elements of a robust and well-functioning social investment market

Portugal INOVACÃO SOCIAL

PORTUGAL SOCIAL INNOVATION is a Portuguese **public initiative** created to develop the **social investment market** and promote **social innovation and social entrepreneurship** in Portugal. It mobilized **150 million euros** of the **European Social Fund (ESF)** within the Partnership Agreement **Portugal 2020 (2014-2020)**.

This initiative is a **pioneering experience in Europe**, as Portugal was the only Member State to set aside part of the ESF budget until 2020 in order to **experiment new financing instruments** in an integrated **public policy** aimed at fostering social innovation and social investment.

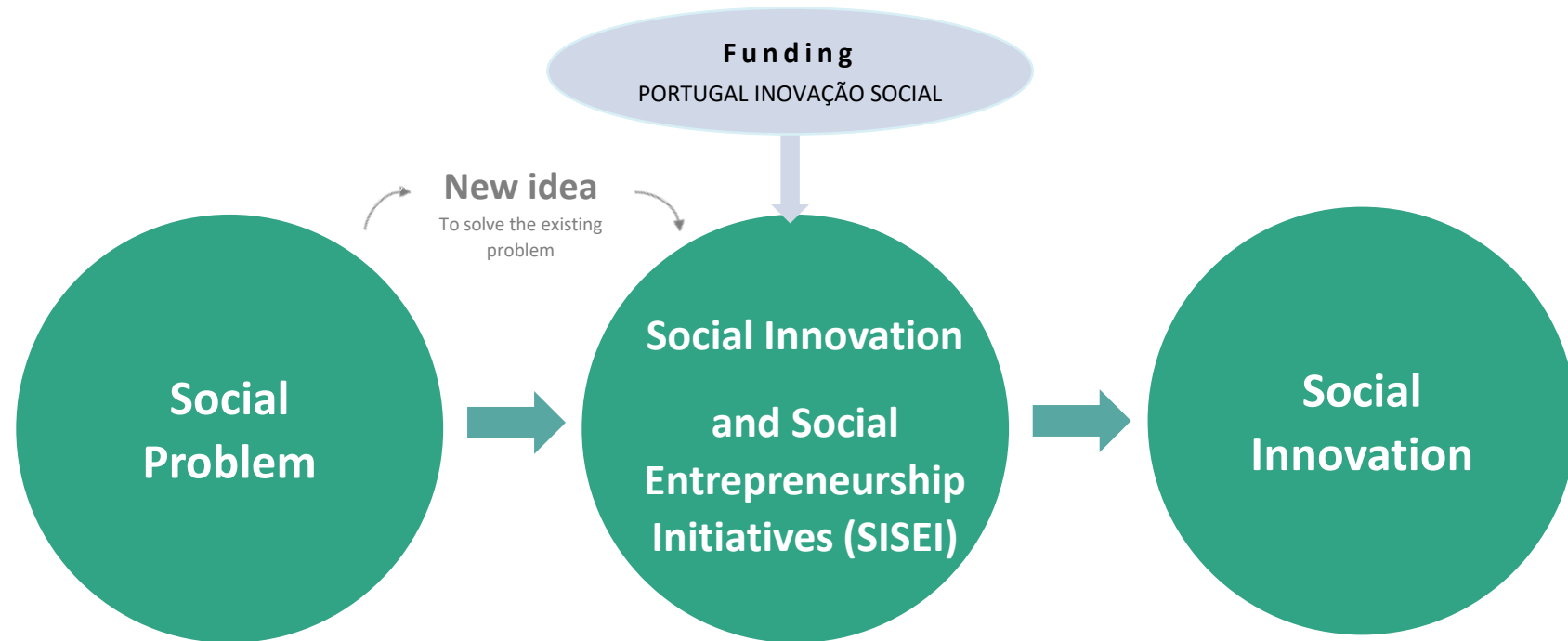
MAIN OBJECTIVES

1. Promote **Social Innovation and Social Entrepreneurship** in Portugal as a way to generate **new solutions** for key social problems, **complementing** more traditional approaches.

2. Foster the **social investment market** in Portugal and develop financing instruments that suit the specific needs of both **Social Economy** and **social innovation** projects.

3. Improve the **skills and competences** of all players acting in the Portuguese social innovation and social entrepreneurship ecosystem.

SISEI CONCEPT *(social innovation and social entrepreneurship initiative)*



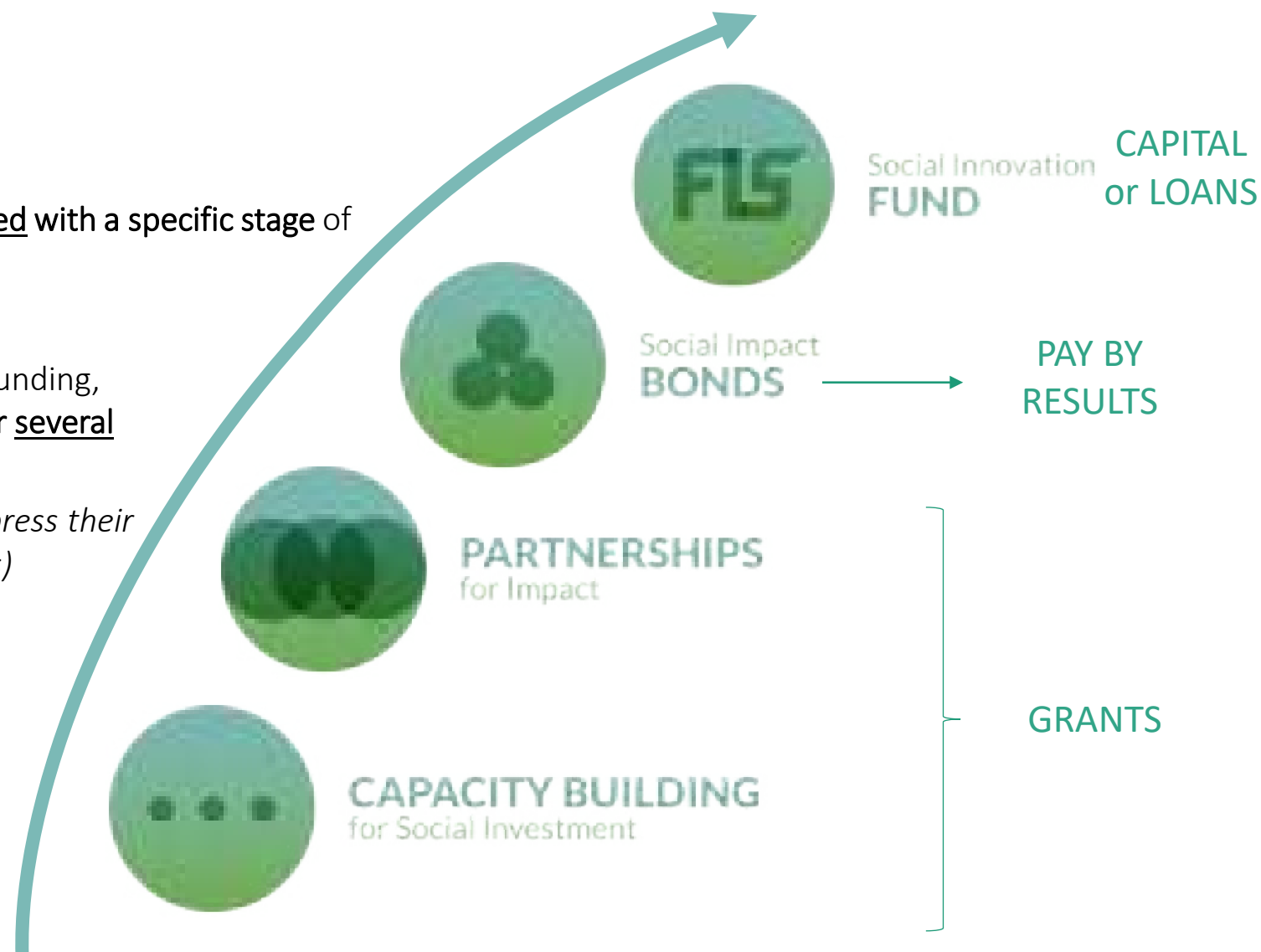
Risk of **inhibition** or **effective inhibition** of quality of life or opportunities for development of at least one **current** or **future social group**.

Project that aims to address in an **innovative** and **efficient** way one or more social problems with the objective of creating **positive social impact**.

New response to a social problem, **different from conventional ones**, with significant and efficient social impact in the use of resources.

FINANCING INSTRUMENTS

- Each of the 4 instruments is **aligned** with a specific stage of SI projects' life cycle
- In all of them, in addition to the funding, there is the **participation of one or several Social Investors**
(public or private entities that express their interest or co-finance the projects)
- The selection and financing of projects is done within **Calls for Proposals**



FINANCING MODEL



CAPACITY BUILDING
for Social Investment

Finances the **development** of **management skills** in teams involved in social innovation projects.



PARTNERSHIPS
for Impact

Finances **70%** of the funding needs of social innovation projects, with the remaining **30% provided by** public or private **social investors**.



Social Impact
BONDS

Finances innovative projects in **priority areas of public policy**, against an **outcome-based contract**; social investors are fully reimbursed if previously agreed Social Results are met (100%).



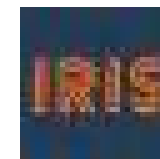
Social Innovation
FUND

Co-invests in **equity** alongside with **private investors** and provides **guarantees for loans**.



Social Incubators (12)

Social Innovation Incubators (18)



Incubadora itinerante para a Inovação Social BSE



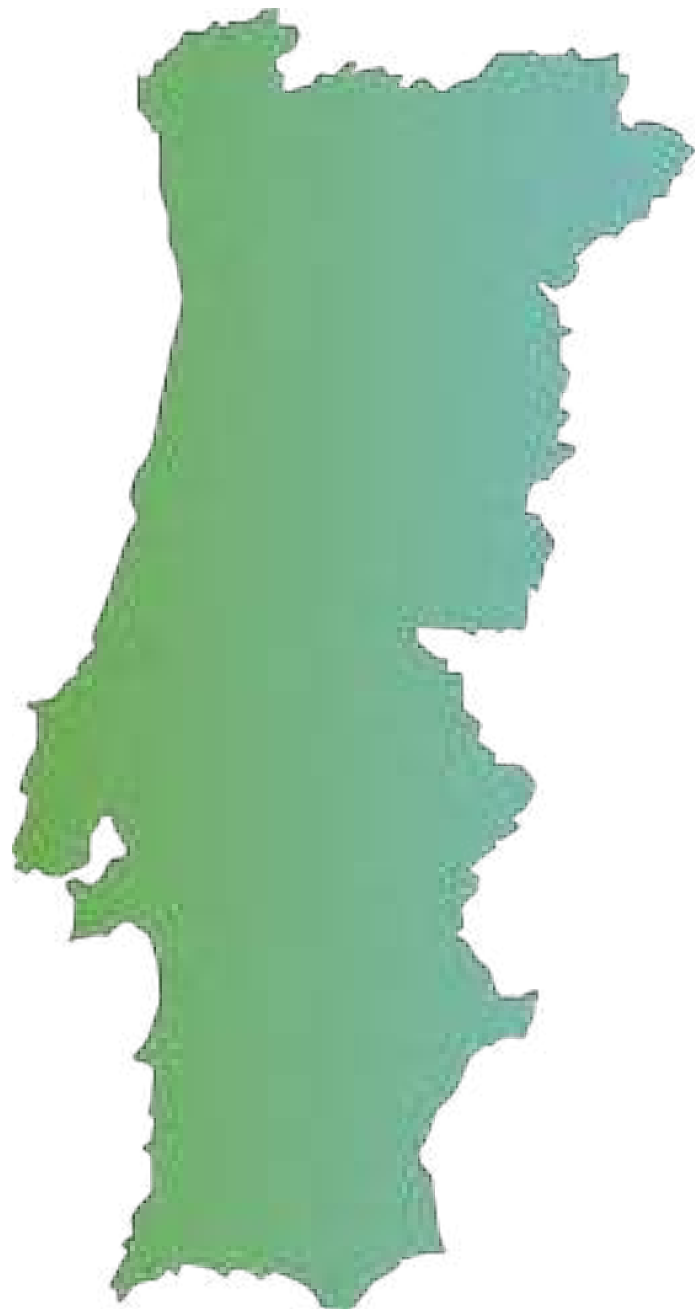
one value

www.onevalue.gov.pt

THE PORTAL INCLUDES:

1. Brief **qualitative summary** of thematic area;
2. Priority areas in terms of public policy, including relevant **metrics**;
3. Main figures and **indicators** for general reference;
4. **Unitary public investment** (per capita or per occurrence) for each social issue;
5. **Savings Calculator** allows for a simulation of potential savings in public spending.





694

Applications
Approved

FUNDING

101

Million €
Funding PT2020

51

Million €
Social Investment

STAKEHOLDERS

477

Organisations

843

Social Investors

1,4 M

People Impacted

MAIN CHALLENGES

- SI projects often have **multisector approaches** and **don't fit thematic calls** (ESF not prepared to combine social and environmental impacts)
 - ESF funding is still **mainly based** on the **reimbursement of expenses** – *simplification needed*
 - Heavy **bureaucracy** outmatches the size and experience of small entrepreneurial organisations
 - Limited practice of payment for results** in Public Administration
 - Lack of **data to measure** outcomes
 - Corporate **investors are still hard to mobilise**
 - How to **measure Social Impact**
-

KEY SUCCESS FACTORS

- Political support** at the center of the Government
 - A central **Mission Unit** for implementing the **Social Innovation public policy**
 - Financing instruments** aligned with the needs of **each stage** of a Social Innovation project life cycle
 - Activation team** in the field
 - Strategic **partnerships** with key players (public and private)
 - A growing market of highly qualified and **committed intermediaries**
 - International cooperation**
-



THE FUTURE

PT2030 | new financing instruments under preparation

National Competences Centre for
Social Innovation | ongoing project

EaSI NCP | launch



PORTUGAL

2030

Financing Instruments 2021-2027 *(draft proposal)*

INSTRUMENTS	ECOSYSTEM IMPACT	END RESULT
1. Capacity Building for Social Innovation	Empower and Stimulate	BOOST THE SOCIAL INNOVATION ECOSYSTEM
2. Partnerships for Social Innovation	Create and Develop	
3. Centres for Impact Entrepreneurship	Streamline and Multiply	
4. Social Impact Bonds (SIB)	Prototype and Experiment	IMPROVE PUBLIC POLICY
5. Social Impact Contracts	Innovate and Impact	
6. Social Innovation Fund	Invest and Facilitate	REINFORCE INNOVATION

NATIONAL COMPETENCE CENTRE FOR SOCIAL INNOVATION (NCCSI)



Portugal
**INOVAÇÃO
SOCIAL**



National Competences Centre for Social Innovation (NCCSI)

Call for proposals VP/2020/010

OBJECTIVE

In two years time, each of the organisations part of the Consortium is well-positioned to become the NCCSI in that Member State, to build capacity, enhance national ecosystem networking alongside, support scaling and knowledge sharing.

MODEL

- 6 Consortia
- 25 countries (24 EU Member States and UK)

CONSORTIUM(FUSE)

- PORTUGAL | IRELAND | BULGARIA | CYPRUS
- Portuguese entities: AD&C e EMPIS
- Timeframe: May 2021 to April 2023



NCCSI Advisory Committee *(founding members)*



NCCSI AC - IMPACT AGENDA 2030



Agenda para o Impacto 2030

Objetivos e Metas	Áreas do Ecossistema	Recomendações															
<p>5 Objetivos e Metas</p> <p>4 Áreas do Ecossistema</p> <p>14 Recomendações</p>	<p>Visão Portugal torna-se referência mundial em inovação social e impacto social.</p> <p>Objetivo Geral Fomentar o investimento e a inovação social para fortalecer a economia portuguesa.</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Áreas do Ecossistema</th> <th>Objetivos e Metas</th> <th>Recomendações</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Dinamizador do Ecossistema</td> <td> <p>Objetivo Melhorar a competitividade e a produtividade do ecossistema de inovação social em Portugal.</p> <p>Meta 1 - Criar Nacional de Competitividade para a Inovação Social.</p> </td> <td> <p>Recomendação 1.1 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 1.2 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 1.3 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Promotores de IES</td> <td> <p>Objetivo Promover a empreendedorização social em Portugal.</p> <p>Meta 2025/2030</p> </td> <td> <p>Recomendação 2.1 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 2.2 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 2.3 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Setor Público</td> <td> <p>Objetivo Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Meta 3 - Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Objetivo Melhorar a competitividade e a produtividade do ecossistema de inovação social em Portugal.</p> <p>Meta 4 - Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> </td> <td> <p>Recomendação 3.1 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 3.2 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 3.3 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 3.4 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Investidores Sociais</td> <td> <p>Objetivo Melhorar a competitividade e a produtividade do ecossistema de inovação social em Portugal.</p> <p>Meta 5 - Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> </td> <td> <p>Recomendação 4.1 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 4.2 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 4.3 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Áreas do Ecossistema	Objetivos e Metas	Recomendações	Dinamizador do Ecossistema	<p>Objetivo Melhorar a competitividade e a produtividade do ecossistema de inovação social em Portugal.</p> <p>Meta 1 - Criar Nacional de Competitividade para a Inovação Social.</p>	<p>Recomendação 1.1 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 1.2 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 1.3 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p>	Promotores de IES	<p>Objetivo Promover a empreendedorização social em Portugal.</p> <p>Meta 2025/2030</p>	<p>Recomendação 2.1 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 2.2 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 2.3 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p>	Setor Público	<p>Objetivo Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Meta 3 - Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Objetivo Melhorar a competitividade e a produtividade do ecossistema de inovação social em Portugal.</p> <p>Meta 4 - Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p>	<p>Recomendação 3.1 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 3.2 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 3.3 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 3.4 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p>	Investidores Sociais	<p>Objetivo Melhorar a competitividade e a produtividade do ecossistema de inovação social em Portugal.</p> <p>Meta 5 - Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p>	<p>Recomendação 4.1 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 4.2 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p> <p>Recomendação 4.3 Criar e implementar o Plano Nacional de Inovação Social.</p>
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EaSI.PORTUGAL

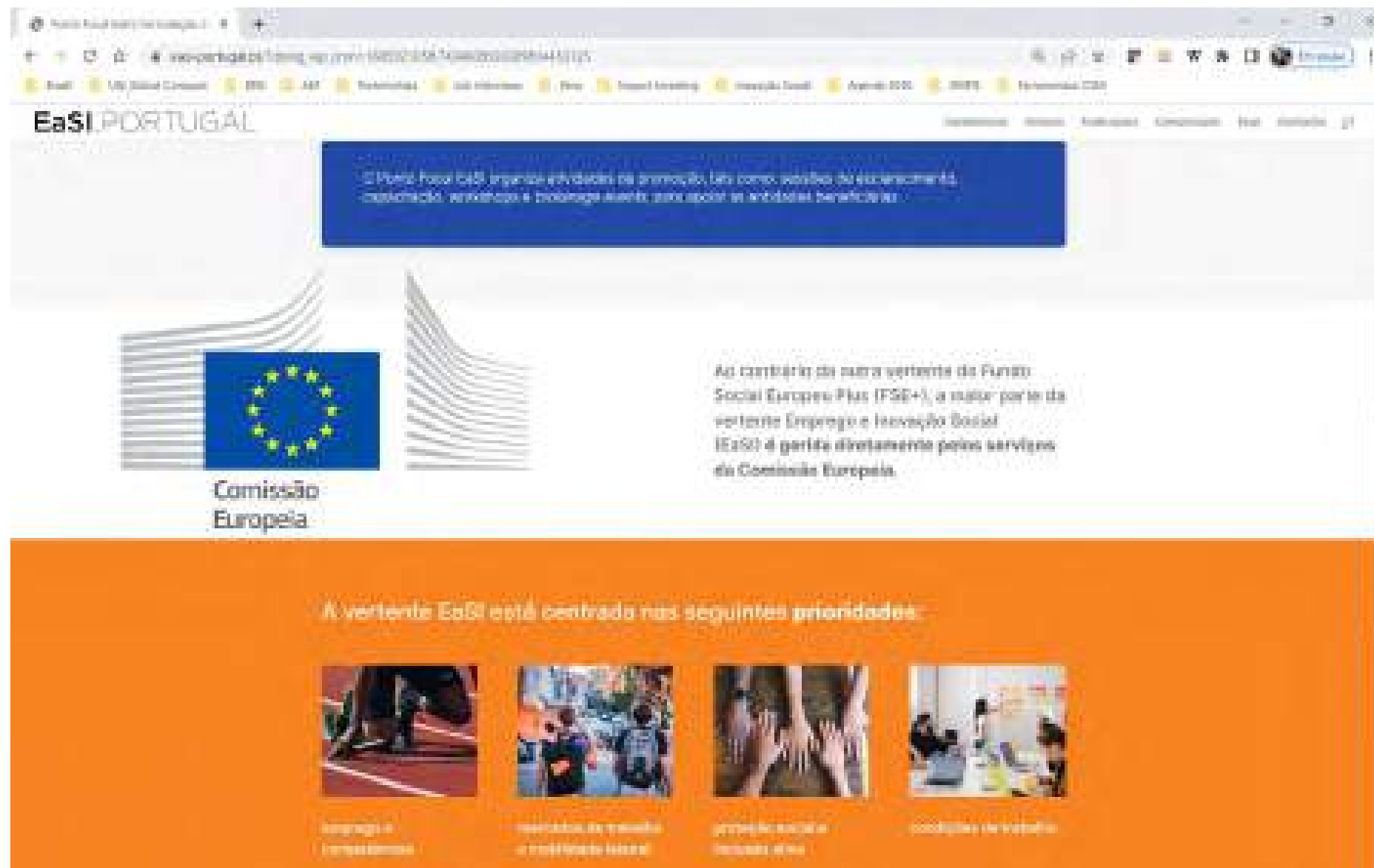


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Portugal
**INOVAÇÃO
SOCIAL**

EaSI.Portugal NCP *(Website)*



EaSI PORTUGAL

O Plano Especial EaSI impulsiona atividades de inovação, tais como: serviços de aconselhamento, capacitação, assistência e promoção sociais, para apoiar as entidades beneficiárias.

Comissão Europeia

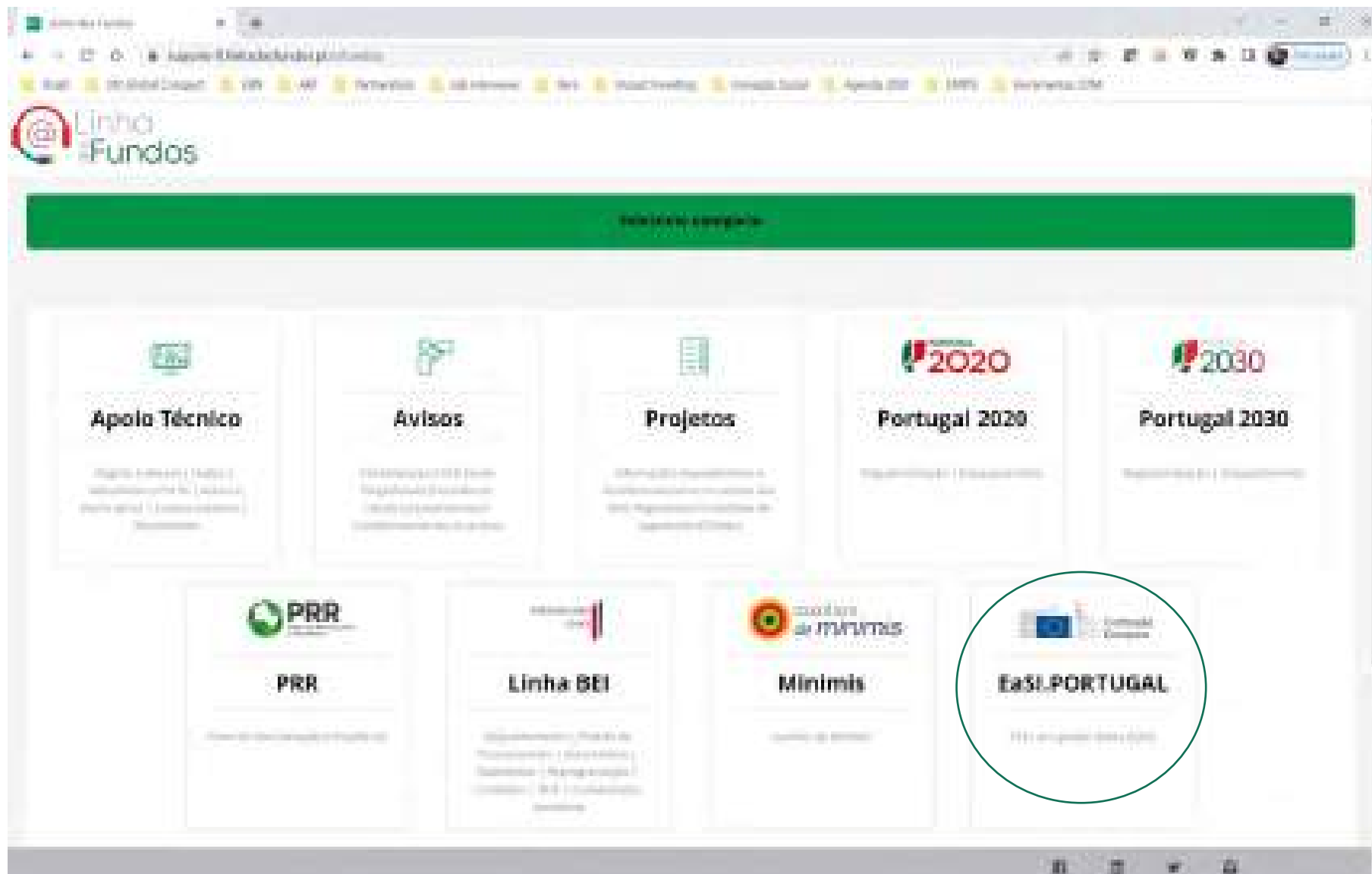
Apesar de ser uma vertente do Fundo Social Europeu Plus (FSE+), a maior parte da vertente Emprego e Inovação Social (EaSI) é gerida diretamente pelos serviços da Comissão Europeia.

A vertente EaSI está centrada nas seguintes prioridades:

- Emprego e Competências
- Iniciativa de Emprego e Inovação Social
- Iniciativa Social e Inclusão Digital
- Cooperação Territorial

EaSI.Portugal NCP (Helpdesk)

09h00 – 18h00



BUILDING AN IMPACT ECONOMY



CONTACT



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vera.barracho@inovacaosocial.portugal2020.pt

www.inovacaosocial.portugal2020.pt

Portugal
**INOVAÇÃO
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Bui
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SUS

08

The European Competence Centre
on Social Innovation

Presenter Asta Jurgutė

BuiCaSuS
Mid-Term
Conference



COMPETENCE
CENTER
FOR SOCIAL
INNOVATION

A.Jurgutė, ESFA
20-21 October 2022

ESFA's Social innovation initiatives

- Participation in the 6th priority axis “Innovative solutions” of the ESF+ programme for Lithuania
- National contact point for the ESF EaSI strand
- National competence centre for Social Innovation (PEnCIL)
- New project “Chess” for the Integration of social innovation actors in innovation ecosystems under the HorizonEurope programme
- Entrusted entity to implement ESF Social Innovation+ initiative

ESF Social Innovation+ initiative

- **Grant scheme:**

prepare, publish and manage EU-level calls for proposals aimed at supporting transnational projects facilitating transfer and/ or scaling up of SI

- **European competence center for social innovation**

pull together expertise which enables it to perform all pertinent tasks and draws from the SI knowledge across the EU



EUROPEAN COMPETENCE CENTRE FOR SI: KEY FUNCTIONS

- Support **mutual learning** between ESF/ESF+ Managing authorities and stakeholders

- + Support the wider social innovation community in Europe with **data and information**

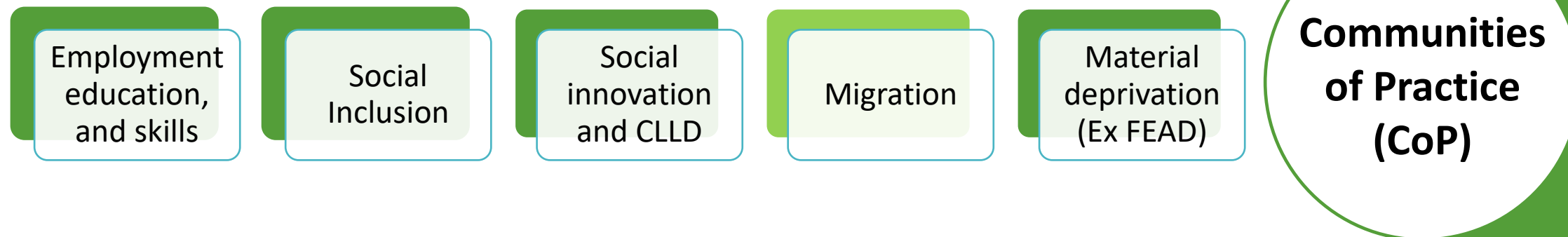
- + **Support beneficiaries** of the ESF Social Innovation+ calls for proposals

- + **Communicate on social innovation** to stakeholders, to wider public and to policy makers

Beyond the current transnational cooperation

→ **An EU-wide knowledge hub on social innovation**

Transnational cooperation



Thematic networks:

EURoma, Alma

COP activities this year



Meetings with previous service provider/DG EMPL team to ensure sustainability

Plenary session to present the draft Work programme for the members of 3 COPs and to gather proposals for the improvement of it

Workshop with all NCCs to present a framework for further assessment and monitoring of Europe SI ecosystem

September

October-November

November-December

December-January

January-February

Developing the first year's Work programme for each CoP

1to1 meetings with each NCC to present the draft of the form for collecting information for further monitoring of national SI ecosystem and gather the feedback

An open Call for expression of interest



External experts in assisting ESFA for implementation of the ESF SI+ initiative



The call will be **open for the entire duration** of the ESF SI+ initiative period 2021-2030

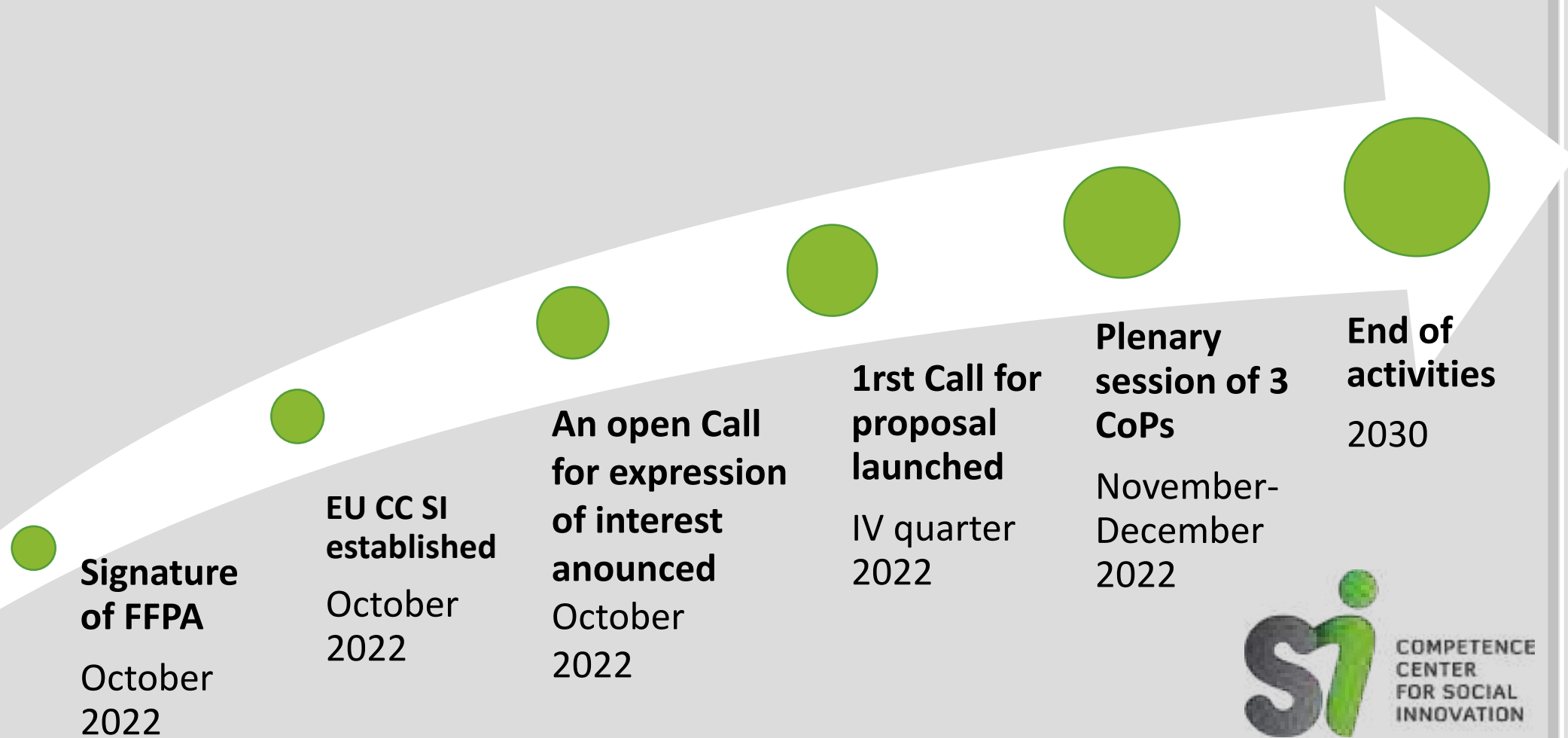


Expertise and professional experience for the policy areas set out in article 4 of the ESF+ Regulation

Info about the open Call for expression of interest may be found at:

www.esf.it

ESF SI + Initiative implementation plan



More about ESF Social innovation + initiative:

[ESF Social Innovation+ | European Social Fund Plus \(europa.eu\)](https://ec.europa.eu/)

<https://ec.europa.eu/>

Contact us:

European Competence Centre for Social Innovation:

Asta.jurgute@esf.lt

ESF SI+ EU level calls:

Migle.aleksonyte@esf.lt

Transnational cooperation and the activities of the CoP's:

cop@esf.lt

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09

Design features of National Competence Centres

Key impulse by Mārtiņš Knite, Oxford Research Baltics



Institutional design of CCSI

Analytical framework insight

BuiCaSuS WP5.1

Mid-Term Conference

21/10/2022



Funded by
the European Union



OXFORD
RESEARCH

The information contained in this publication does not necessarily reflect the official position of the European Commission.

Governance,
structure,
staff

Mandate, legal form	Public body	Governmental body Governmental agency body Municipal body
	Private body	NGO Non-profit Profit
	Network	Shared responsibility Cascaded responsibility

Structure	by activity by region by target group
	Management and staff Board Steering committee Permanent staff Temporary staff Partners' staff

Finance

for target groups	for innovators/ supporters short term/ long term	from EU funds from government funds from municipal funds from philanthropy from venture capital from other?
for operations	for permanent activities for development projects	

Services -
to whom
and how?

Target groups	
Innovators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Activator Browser Creator Developer Executor Facilitator
Supporters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funders State bodies Municipal bodies NGO/private supportters
Community representatives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NGO Public service providers Municipalities Policymakers

Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Training/ consulting Networking/ matching Experience sharing Specific services Funding

Tools
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information storage/ search/ access tools Communication/ meeting tools Planning/ management tools Research/ assesment tools

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Thank you!